شركة العربي المالية

(مساهمة سعودية مقفلة – مرخصة من هيئة السوق المالية)

anbcapital

صندوق العربي المالية للصكوك السيادية السعودية (المتوافق مع الشريعة)

7.77

(التقرير السنوي)

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		محتوى تقارير الصندوق	
أ- معلومات صندوق الاستثمار	۲. ۳. ٤.	اسم صندوق الاستثمار أهداف وسياسات الاستثمار وممارساته سياسة توزيع الدخل والأرباح تقديم تقارير الصندوق (عند الطلب وبدون مقابل) وصف المؤشر الاسترشادي والموقع الالكتروني لمزود الخدمة	
		جدول مقارنة يغطي السنوات المالية الثلاث الأخيرة: أ. صافي قيمة أصول الصندوق في نهاية كل سنة مالية ب. صافي قيمة أصول الصندوق لكل وحدة في نهاية كل سنة مالية ج. أعلى وأقل صافي قيمة أصول الصندوق لكل وحدة عن كل سنة مالية د. عدد الوحدات المصدرة في نهاية كل سنة مالية ه. قيمه الارباح الموزعة لكل وحدة و. نسبة المصروفات ز. نسبة الأصول المقترضة من إجمالي قيمة الأصول ومدة انكشافها وتاريخ استحقاقها	الصفحة ١-٢
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ج- مدير الصندوق		اسم وعنوان ومدير الصندوق اسم وعنوان مدير الصندوق من الباطن او مستشار الاستثمار مراجعة لأنشطة الاستثمار خلال الفترة مترير عن أداء صندوق الاستثمار خلال الفترة تقرير عن أداء صندوق الاستثمار خلال الفترة تفاصيل التغييرات على شروط وأحكام الصندوق تفاصيل التغييرات على شروط وأحكام الصندوق تفاصيل التغييرات على شائها أن تمكن مالكي الوحدات من اتخاذ قرار بشأن أنشطة الصندوق الي معلومات إضافية من شأنها أن تمكن مالكي الوحدات من اتخاذ قرار بشأن أنشطة الصندوق. الي نسبة رسوم الإدارة المحتسبة على الصندوق والصناديق التي يستثمر فيها الصندوق. ميانات ومعلومات أخرى المسجل كمدير للصندوق. مدة إدارة الشخص المسجل كمدير للصندوق. مدة إدارة الشخص المسجل كمدير للصندوق.	الصفحة ٦
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أ- معلومات عن صندوق الاستثمار

١- اسم صندوق الاستثمار

صندوق العربي المالية للصكوك السيادية السعودية (المتوافق مع الشريعة)

٢- أهداف وسياسات الاستثمار وممارساته.

الصندوق مفتوح ومقوم بالريال السعودي، ويهدف إلى تنمية رأس المال على المدى الطويل من خلال الاستثمار في الصكوك السيادية المدرجة المقومة بالريال السعودي الصادرة عن الجهات الحكومية في المملكة العربية السعودية بالإضافة لأدوات أسواق النقد مثل معاملات المرابحة والإجارة المتوافقة مع المعايير الشرعية للصندوق وان تكون مع طرف خاضع لتنظيم البنك المركزي وذلك حسب لائحة صناديق الاستثمار الصادرة عن مجلس هيئة السوق المالية. يسعى الصندوق الى تحقيق عوائد إيجابية. يقوم مدير الصندوق بتوزيع استثماراته بين الأصول والفترات الزمنية المختلفة بناءً على قراءته للتحركات المتوقعة لهامش الربح على الصكوك السيادية وصفقات المرابحة وغيرها من الأصول. وفيما يخص تركز الاستثمارات في الإصدارات المختلفة فإن قرار مدير الصندوق يعتمد على هوامش الربح المتاحة في حينها حيث يعمل على اختيار أفضلها.

٣- سياسة توزيع الدخل والأرباح

الصندوق عبارة عن صندوق تراكم دخل يعاد استثمار صافي دخله فيه، ولا يتم توزيعه على شكل حصص في الأرباح على وحدات الاستثمار.

٤- تقديم تقارير الصندوق

وفقاً للائحة صناديق الاستثمار سيقوم مدير الصندوق بإعداد التقارير السنوية (بما في ذلك القوائم المالية السنوية المراجعة) والبيان ربع السنوي واتاحتها في الموقع الإلكتروني لمدير الصندوق والموقع الإلكتروني للسوق او أي موقع اخر تحدده هيئة السوق المالية **وستكون تلك التقارير متاحة لكل مشترك بناءً على طلب كتابي منه بدون تحميله أي مصاريف نظير ذلك.**

٥- وصف المؤشر الاسترشادي للصندوق

المؤشر الاسترشادي للصندوق هو مؤشر سايبور (سعر الفائدة بين البنوك السعودية) لمدة ٣ أشهر. وسيعمل مدير الصندوق على تحقيق أداء أعلى من أداء المؤشر دون أي ضمان من المدير لذلك أو مسؤولية عليه بهذا الخصوص. ويتم حساب المؤشر على سعر التمويل بين البنوك بالريال السعودي ويتم تحديده بشكل يومي بناءً على عوامل السوق وفقًا لآلية محددة ومعتمدة بين البنوك. ويمكن الحصول على المعلومات حول المؤشر من خلال زيارة الموقع الالكتروني لوكالة تومسون رويترز.

ب- أداء الصندوق				
			١- جدول مقارنة يغطي السنوات المالية الثلاثة الأخيرة:	
7+7+	7+71	7+77		
70£,199,V0+	۸۹,۲۸۹,۱٤۸	٤٧,٨٨٧,٦٠٧	أ- صافي قيمة أصول الصندوق في نهاية كل سنة مالية	
1.,.000	٩,٨٤٨٩	9,177+	ب- صافي قيمة أصول الصندوق لكل وحدة في نهاية كل سنة مالية	
١٠,٤٠١٤	1+,191+	۹,۸۵۷۸	ج (١) - أعلى صافي قيمة أصول الصندوق لكل وحدة	
٩,٨٠٦٣	9,7000	۸,۹٦٤١	ج (٢) - أقل صافي قيمة أصول الصندوق لكل وحدة	
70,712,7•7,7771	9, • 70, ΛΛ0, Σ۷٣0	0,727,9+V,+207	د- عدد الوحدات المصدرة في نهاية كل سنة	
	لا ينطبق		هـ- قيمة الارباح الموزعة لكل وحدة	
%+,TV	%•,٣٣	%÷,٣٩	و- نسبة المصروفات	
لا ينطبق	لا ينطبق	لا ينطبق	ز (١) - نسبة الأصول المقترضة من إجمالي قيمة الأصول	
لا ينطبق	لا ينطبق	لا ينطبق	ز (٢) - مدة انكشاف الأصول المقترضة	
لا ينطبق	لا ينطبق	لا ينطبق	ز (٣) - تاريخ استحقاق الأصول المقترضة	
%+,T٦-	%T, NO-	%1÷,oT-	ح. نتائج مقارنة أداء المؤشر الاسترشادي للصندوق بأداء الصندوق	

٢- سجل الأداء:				
	سنة	۳ سنوات	٥ سنوات	منذ التأسيس
أ- العائد الإجمالي	- V,٣٦%	-	-	- A,V7%
	السنة	الأداء	السنة	الأداء
- II II M. H. II	7+17	=	7+17	-
ب- العائد الإجمالي السنوي	31+7	-	7+19	-
	7+10	-	7+7+	%٠,٥٤

	7+17	-	7+71	%۲,٠٤-	
	7+1V	-	7+77	۷٫۳٦-	
	رسوم الإدارة	احمالي المصاريف الاخرى	اجمالي المصروفات	نسبة المصروفات	
ج- نسبة المصروفات	171,990	۲۳۲,۳۲۱	770,777	۰,۳۹%	
	ظروف منح الإعفاءات من أ	ي رسوم أو تخفيضها - لاينط	بق		
د- قواعد حساب بيانات الأداء	لقد تم تطبيق جميع قواعد حساب بيانات الأداء بشكل متسق				

٣- التغييرات الجوهرية خلال الفترة
 لم تحدث أي تغييرات جوهرية خلال الفترة أثرت في أداء الصندوق
 ٤- ممارسات التصويت السنوية
 لا ينطبق

س إدارة الصندوق:	٥- تقرير مجل
۱. السيد/ بسام بن راشد المبارك (رئيساً	أ- أسماء
٠٠٠ السيد/ بلف برين المنظم المنظم ٢٠	أعضاء
۳. السيد/ وليد بن ناصر المعجل (عضو)	محلس
ع. الدکتور/ محمد بن حمد المغیولی (عضو مستقل)	ادارة
٥. السيد / ناصر بن عبد الله الهِلَّابي (عضو مستقل)	ألصُندوق
	ونوع
	العضوية
۱. السيد/ بسام بن راشد المبارك (رئيساً)	
رئيس الاستثمارات الاستراتيجية بالبنك العربي الوطني، وشغل قبل ذلك منصب الرئيس التنفيذي لشركة العربي الوطني	
للاستثمار ورئيس إدارة الوساطة المحلية والعالمية لدى شركة العربي الوطني للاستثمار، ولديه ٢٥ سنة من الخبرة في المصرفية	
الاستثمارية، وقبل انضمامه لشركة العربي الوطني للاستثمار عمل لدى البنك السعودي الفرنسي، ويحمل شهادة بكالوريوس - المناسلة المناسلة المسلمين المسلمين العربي الوطني للاستثمار عمل لدى البنك السعودي الفرنسي، ويحمل شهادة بكالوريوس	
في العلوم السياسية من "جامعة الملك سعود."	
٢. السيد/ فهد بن عبد العزيز القاضي (عضو)	
رئيس منظومة التجزئة المصرفية سابقاً لدى البنك العربي الوطني، ولديه خبرة مصرفية لأكثر من ٣٠ سنة عمل بها في قطاع	
مصرفية الأفراد، ويحمل شهادة بكالوريوس في الاقتصاد من "جامعة الملك سعود." 	
٣. السيد/ وليد بن ناصر المعجل (عضو)	بندة عن
رئيس المصرفية الإسلامية في البنك العربي الوطني، ولديه خبره ١٧سنة في المصرفية الإسلامية في قطاع البنوك، وقد شغل	ب تبدد كى مؤهلات
قبل ذلك منصب مدير المطلوبات في المصرفية للإسلامية لدى البنك السعودي البريطاني، ويحمل شهادة البكالوريوس في	عضاء
التسويق من "جامعة الملك فهد للبترول والمعادن."	مجلس
ع. الدكتور/ محمد بن حمد المغيولي (عضو مستقل)	دارة
أستاذ التحليل المالي والمراجعة في كلية إدارة الاعمال بجامعة الملك سعود، وعمل سابقاً كمستشار لدى مؤسسة النقد العربي	د.ره لصندوق
السعودي (ساما) وجمعية المحاسبين القانونيين السعوديين وحالياً يعمل كمستشار لدى جمعية المحاسبين القانونيين الخليجية،	ككندون
وهو عضو في العديد من جمعيات ومنظمات المحاسبة المحلية والاقليمية والعالمية، ويحمل شهادة الدكتوراه في المحاسبة من	
"جامعة ويلز" في المملكة المتحدة وشـهادة الماجيسـتير في العلوم المالية والإدارية من جامعة الملك سعود وشـهادة البكالوريوس	
في العلوم المالية والإدارية من جامعة الملك سعود.	
٥. السيد / ناصر بن عبد الله الهلابي (عضو مستقل)	
رئيس قسـم الاسـتثمار في شـركة التعاونية للتأمين بين عامي ١٩٩٢ و٢٠١٥ م وقبل عمله في شـركة التعاونية للتأمين عمل بالبنك	
السبعودي الهولندي والبنك السعودي للاستثمار ومجموعة سامبا المالية ولديه خبرة تزيد عن ٣٥ عاماً في مجال الاستثمار والبنوك	
والتأمين، ويحمل درجة الماجستير من جامعة اوهايو – امريكا في الصحافة وتبادل المعلومات وشـهادة البكالوريوس من جامعة	
الرياض في العلاقات العامة وتبادل المعلومات.	
تشمل مسؤوليات أعضاء مجلس إدارة الصندوق، على سبيل المثال لا الحصر، الآتي:	
 الموافقة على جميع العقود والقرارات والتقارير الجوهرية التي يكون الصندوق العام طرفاً فيها ويشمل ذلك (على سبيل المثال 	
لا الحصر) الموافقة على عقود تقديم خدمات الإدارة للصندوق وعقود تقديم خدمات الحفظ ولا يشـمل ذلك العقود المبرمة وفقاً	
للقرارات الاستثمارية في شأن أي استثمارات قام بها الصندوق أو سيقوم بها في المستقبل.	
 اعتماد سياسة مكتوبة فيما يتعلق بحقوق التصويت المتعلقة بأصول الصندوق. 	ج- وصف
 الإشراف، ومتى كان ذلك مناسباً، الموافقة أو المصادقة على أي تضارب مصالح يفصح عنه مدير الصندوق وفقاً للائحة صناديق 	دوار
الاستثمار.	مجلس
 الاجتماع مرتين سنوياً على الأقل مع مسؤول المطابقة والالتزام (لجنة المطابقة والالتزام) لدى مدير الصندوق، لمراجعة التزام 	دارة لصندوق
الصندوقُ بجميّع القوانين والأنظمّة واللوائح ذات العلاقة ويشمل ذلك (على سبيل المثال لا الحصر) المتطلبات المنصوص عليها	
في لائحة صناديق الاستثمار الصادرة عن مجلس هيئة السوق المالية.	ومسؤولياته
 التأكد من اكتمال ودقة شروط وأحكام الصندوق وأي مستند آخر (سواء أكان عقداً أم غيره) يتضمن افصاحات تتعلق بالصندوق 	
العام ومدّير الصندوّق وإدارتهُ للصندوق العام إضافة للتأكد من توافق ما سبق مع أحكام لائحة صناّديق الاستثمار الّصادرة عن	
مجلس هيئة السوق المالية.	

	التأكد من قيام مدير المندمق	بمسؤولياته بما يحقق مصلحة مالكي الوحدات	وفقاً لشروط وأحكام المندوق وأحكام لائحة
	صناديق ِالاستثمار.		
		مام ومهارة وعناية وحرص وبما يحقق مصلحة م . تبين جميع وقائع الاجتماعات والقرارات التي ا	
د- تفاصیل			ي حال حضر اجتماعين بالسنة وهو الحد الأدنى
مکافآت			تماع من اجتماعات مجلس إدارة الصندوق لكافة
اعضاء مجلس	الصناديق المتوافقة مع المعايير الش علماً بان أعضاء مجلس الادارة المس		 ناديق الاسـتثمارية المدارة من قبل مدير الصندوق
إدارة		 ة مستقل ُهي سنة واحدة ويجدد تلقائياً.	
الصندوق			
ه- بيان بأي تعارض متحقق أو محتمل بين مصالح عضو مجلس إدارة الصندوق ومصالح	في حال وجود أي تعارض مصالح مت المجلس.	حقق أو محتمل بين مصالح عضو مجلس إدارة	الصندوق ومصالح الصندوق فسوف يفصح عنها
الصندوق	. 11 1	1. 11 1 1	
	اسم العضو	اسماء الصناديق الت مندوق العربي المالية للمتاجرة بالريال.	ي يشرف عليها العضو
	السيد/ بسام بن راشد المبارك	السعودي (المتوافق مع الشريعة) 7. صندوق العربي المالية للمتاجرة بالدولار الأمريكي (المتوافق مع الشريعة) 7. صندوق العربي المالية للاكتتابات الأولية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) ك. صندوق العربي المالية للأسهم السعودية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) السعودية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) ٥. صندوق العربي المالية العقاري للدخل	7. صندوق العربي المالية للأسهم السعودية V. صندوق العربي المالية للصكوك السيادية السعودية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) ٨. صندوق العربي المالية للأسهم السعودية النقية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) ٩. صندوق العربي المالية المتوازن
و- مجالس إدارة الصناديق ساست	السيد/ فهد بن عبد العزيز القاضي	 ١. صندوق العربي المالية للمتاجرة بالريال السعودي (المتوافق مع الشريعة) ٢. صندوق العربي المالية للمتاجرة بالدولار الأمريكي (المتوافق مع الشريعة) ٣. صندوق العربي المالية للاكتتابات الأولية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) ٤. صندوق العربي المالية للأسهم السعودية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) السعودية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) 	 ٥. صندوق العربي المالية للأسهم السعودية ٦. صندوق العربي المالية للصكوك السيادية السعودية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) ٧. صندوق العربي المالية للأسهم السعودية النقية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) ٨. صندوق العربي المالية المتوازن
الأخرى التي يشارك فيها عضو مجلس إدارة الصندوق	السيد/ وليد بن ناصر المعجل	المتدوق العربي المالية للمتأجرة بالريال السعودي (المتوافق مع الشريعة) المندوق العربي المالية للمتاجرة بالريال المندوق العربي المالية للمتاجرة بالدولار الأمريكي (المتوافق مع الشريعة) الأولية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) الأولية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) كل صندوق العربي المالية للأسهم السعودية (المتوافق مع الشريعة)	٥. صندوق العربي المالية للصكوك السيادية السعودية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) ٦. صندوق العربي المالية للأسـهم السعودية النقية (المتوافق مع الشـريعة)
	الدكتور/ محمد بن حمد المغيولي	المتدوق العربي المالية للمتاجرة بالريال السعودي (المتوافق مع الشريعة) المندوق العربي المالية للمتاجرة بالريال المندوق العربي المالية للمتاجرة الدولار الأمريكي (المتوافق مع الشريعة) الأولية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) الأولية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) المندوق العربي المالية للأسهم السعودية (المتوافق مع الشريعة)	o. صندوق العربي المالية للأسهم السعودية T. صندوق العربي المالية للصكوك السيادية السعودية السعودية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) التقية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) النقية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) Λ. صندوق العربي المالية المتوازن
	السيد / ناصر بن عبد الله الهلابي	ا صندوق العربي المالية للمتاجرة بالريال السعودي (المتوافق مع الشريعة) 1. صندوق العربي المالية للمتاجرة بالدولار الأمريكي (المتوافق مع الشريعة)	 ٥. صندوق العربي المالية للأسهم السعودية ٦. صندوق العربي المالية للصكوك السيادية السعودية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) ٧. صندوق العربي المالية للأسهم السعودية النقية (المتوافق مع الشريعة)

			1
٨. صندوق العربي المالية المتوازن	٣. صندوق العربي المالية للاكتتابات		
	الأولية (المتوافق مع الشريعة)		
	٤. صندوق العربي المالية للأسـهم "		
	السعودية (المتوافق مع الشريعة)		
		الاجتماع الأول – يونيو ٢٠٢٢	
	و ۲۰۲۲ م تم عقد الاجتماع الأول لمجلس إدارة		
ىيە:	لمجلس قام المجلس بمناقشة الموضوعات الآ	التاكد من اكتمال النصاب القانوني ل	
	7.77	• عرض التقرير السنوي للصنادية	
		• عرض التعرير السنوي للصاديو • مراجعة القرارات السابقة لمجا	
الادارة	عنن إدارة الصناديق إلى المدارة للصناديق التي يشرف عليها مجلس		
	و ،ساره سند دیلی بستر کانید	• نظرة عامة على السوق	
		• تقييْم السوق والقطاعُ	
		 ملخصُ الاقتصادُ الكليّ 	
	الصناديق المماثلة في السوق	 أداء الصندوق ومقارنة الأداء مع 	
	سهم المتوافقة مع الشريعة	 شرح تفصيلي عن صناديق الأب 	
	ئتتابات الأولية المتوافقة مع الشريعة		
ىجلس الإدارة	ـواق النقد والدخل الثابت والتي يشـرف عليها ه		
	لعام ۲۰۲۱.	 الموافقة على التقرير السنوي 	
رعيه عن السنه الماليه المنتهية في ديسمبر	ة لصنًاديق الاستثمار المتوافقة مع الضوابط الش	• اعتماد القوائم المالية المدفقة	
a II II 4. a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	ت بهذا الخصوص مادة/ مكتب إرنست ويونغ كمراجع للحسابات،	٢٠٢١، وتقرير مراجع الحســابــا	
	عاده/ محبب إرنست ويونغ دهراجع للحسابات، أديق الاستثمار المتوافقة مع الضوابط الشرعية		
على السحب السانية الحاق فينهاي حاق ديستسبر	دیق الاستنسار السواحه سے الصوابط السرعیہ	استویه وانتظم انستویه نظم	
لية التي تنتهي في ديسمبر ٢٠٢٢ م للقوائم	السادة/ مكتب إرنست ويونغ، عن السنة الماا	· · · · . • تحديد أتعاب مراجع الحسابات،	
, , , , , ,		المالية السنوية والنصف سنويا	ز- ا
		 مناقشة التقرير الخاص بالالتزاد 	الموضوعات
	تثمار للصندوق إن وجد	 مناقشة أي تعدي لحدود الاسـ 	التي تمت
		 إقرار مجلس الإدارة بعدم وجود 	مناقشتها والقرارات
		 مناقشة مدى موافقة الصندوق 	الصادرة
		 إقرار مجلس الإدارة بعدم وجود 	بشأنها بما
<u>.</u> .	ناديق المشرف عليها من قبل مجلس الإدارة - التحديد في السياسية الشياسية الشياسية		في ذُلك أداء
	، السنوية في الجمعيات العمومية للشركات الد الإفصاح المالي في الشروط والاحكام للصناديق		الصندوق
	الإقصاح الماني في الشروط والاحجام للصاديق سـاسـية في صندوق العربي المالية للاكتتابات		وتحقيق
الوولية السواحق للع السريفة	ساسيد کي کشوري انقربي انقاليد کو کشابات	اسواحف عدى التعييرات العيرا	الصندوق
	7+7	الاجتماع الثاني – ديسمبر ٢	لأهدافه
		, ,	
إدارة الصناديق المتوافقة مع الشريعة وبعد التأكد	بمبر ٢٠٢٢م تم عقد الاجتماع الثاني لمجلس إ	إنه في يوم الثلاثاء الموافق ١٣ ديس	
	ب قام المجلُسُ بمناقشة الموضوعات الآتية:		
		• نظرة عامة على السوق	
		 ملخص الاقتصاد الكلي 	
	1	• تقييم السوق والقطاع	
	-	• مناقشة استراتيجية الاس	
	اء مع الصناديق المماثلة في السوق. ف الأسهم المتوافقة مع الشريعة		
	ق الاستهم المتوافقة مع الستريعة في أستواف النقد والدخل الثابت		
		• شرح تفصيفي عن صندوة • شرح تفصيلي عن صندوة	
	ي بد عدد بالرحية ندوق والمعايير المستخدمة في التقييم		
		 مناقشة إلتقرير الخاص بال 	
	الاستثمار للصندوق إن وجد.		
	ح قد حدث خلال الفترة إن وجد.		
		• مناقشة الغرامات ان وجد	
		 مناقشة مدى موافقة الاس 	
	يندوق للضوابط الشرعية واجراءات تطهير الدخل د المنادية المشرق مل ملمي قال مجاب اللاد		
	د الصناديق المشرف عليها من قبل مجلس الإد السرة في منادية الأسمو المتعلقة مع الشرب		
ৰহ	اسية في صناديق الأسـهم المتوافقة مع الشـري	● عرض التعييرات غير الاست	1

		ج- مد	ير الصندوق					
۱- اسم وعنوان مدير الصندوق	شركة العربي المالية - شارع المؤيد الجديد مبنى العربي المالية - شارع المؤيد الجديد حي المربع، خلف مبنى الإدارة العامة للبنك العربي الوطني ص.ب. ٢٠٠٠٠٩، الرياض ١١٣١١ المملكة العربية السعودية الهاتف الموحد: ٨٠٠١٢٤٠٠٥٥ الموقع الالكتروني: www.anbcapital.com.sa							
۲- اسم وعنوان مدير الصندوق من الباطن	لا ينطبق							
الطندوق من الباطن ٣- مراجعة لأنشطة الاستثمار خلال الفترة	السيادية الصادرة : تركزت استثمارات فترات استحقاق ه	و ينطبق الصندوق إلى تنمية رأس المال على المدى الطويل من خلال الاستثمار بشكل أساسي في الصكوك السيادية الصادرة عن الحكومة السعودي بالإضافة إلى الاستثمار في صناديق أسواق النقد لغرض إدارة السيولة. تركزت استثمارات الصندوق في الصكوك السيادية السعودية وعمل مدير الصندوق على توزيع الاستثمارات على فترات استحقاق متفاوتة لتتوائم مع منحنى العائد بالإضافة إلى رفع نسبة الاستثمار في صناديق أسواق النقد للاستفادة من ارتفاع أدائها بسبب تحسن أسعار الفائدة بالإضافة إلى تعزيز السيولة في الصندوق						
	خلال عام ۲۰۲۲	حقق الصندوق ا	لعوائد السنوية ال	نالية مقارنة بالمؤ	شر:			
٤- تقرير عن أداء صندوق		الربع الأول	الربع الثاني	الربع الثالث	الربع الرابع	7777		
٤- تقرير عن أداء صندوق الاستثمار خلال الفترة	الصندوق	%٣,٦٥-	%٤,٣٤-	%٣,٤١	-۱۸٫۲%	%V,٣٦-		
	المؤشر	۵۳, ۰%	%٠,٦٨	%÷,V∧	77,1%	%٣,١٦		
٥- تفاصيل التغييرات على شروط وأحكام الصندوق	تاريخ التغيير اسم وشعار مدير ومشغل الصندوق شركة العربي الوطني للاستثمار إلى شركة العربي المالية تغيير اسم وشعار مدير ومشغل الصندوق، تغيير اسم الصندوق من صندوق المبارك للصكوك السيادية السعودية الى صندوق العربي المالية للصكوك السيادية السعودية (المتوافق مع الشريعة), تغيير اسم الموقع الالكتروني لمدير ومشغل الصندوق أينما ورد في شروط وأحكام الصندوق, تغيير اسم الموقع الالكتروني لموقع السوق المالية السعودية(تداول), وتغيير اسم البنك العربي الوطني إلى بنك (anb).							
٦- أي معلومة اخرى من شأنها أن تمكن مالكي الوحدات من اتخاذ قرار	لا يوجد أي معلوما	ت اخری من شأنها		وحدات من اتخاذ القر				
۷ -(أ)- نسبة رسوم الإدارة المحتسبة على الصندوق	۰۰,۲۰% من صافي سنوياً	V -(ب)- نسبة الرسوم المحتسبة في الصناديق التي يستثمر فيها الصندوق الصندوق العربي المالية للمتاجرة صندوق العربي المالية للمتاجرة بالريال السعودي (المتوافق مع السنوياً سنوياً سنوياً الشريعة)						
٨- بيان حول العمولات الخاصة التي حصل عليها مدير الصندوق خلال الفترة	لم يتم تحصيل أي عمولات خاصة خلال الفترة							
۹- بیانات ومعلومات أخری ۱۰- مدة إدارة الشخص	لا توجد بیانات ومعلومات أخری							
المسجل كمدير للصندوق ۱۱- نسبة مصروفات كل المنادية المناقفة فا	۱۱ سنة %۰,۰۰۷							

د- امين الحفظ	
شركة البلاد للاستثمار (البلاد المالية)	
المملكة العربية السعودية	
البلاد المالية، المركز الرئيسـي	
طريق الملك فهد -العليا ص.ب ١٤٠، الرياض ١١٤١١	۱- اسم وعنوان أمين
فاکس ۱۲۰۳۹۸۹۹ و ۱۲۰۳۹۸۹۹	الحفظ
هاتف موحد: ۹۲۰۰۰۳۳۳	
: www.albilad-capital.com الموقع الالكتروني	
البريد الالكتروني: custody@albilad-capital.com	

سيقوم أمين الحفظ بحفظ سجلات وحسابات الأصول والمطلوبات والمصروفات المتعلقة بالصندوق. سيتم حفظ أصول الصندوق في إدارة أو أكثر من إدارات الحفظ في مختلف أماكن المؤسسات المالية التي يختارها أمين الحفظ. وسيتم	۲- وصف موجز لواجباته
الصندوق في إدارة أو أخبر من إدارات العقط في معتلق الفادل الموسسات المعالية اللتي يعتارها المين العقط. وسيتمر فصل أصول الصندوق فصلاً واضحاً عن أصول المدير وعن أصول صناديق الاستثمار الأخرى وعن أصول أي جهة أخرى	
ٰ ذات علاقة.	

	هـ - مشغّل الصندوق
	شركة العربي المالية
لصندوق	مبنى العربي المالية - شارع المؤيد الجديد
	حي المربع، خلف مبنى الإدارة العامة للبنك العربي الوطني
	ص.ب. ۲۲۰۰۰۹، الرياض ۱۱۳۱۱
	المملكة العربية السعودية
	الهاتف الموحد: ٨٠٠١٢٤٠٠٥٥
	الموقع الالكتروني: www.anbcapital.com.sa
	تقييم أصوك الصندوق وفقاً لما هو موضح في شروط وأحكام الصندوق والاحتفاظ بالدفاتر والسجلات وإعداد سجل
۱- وصف موجر تواجبانه ومسؤولياته	مالكي الوحدات وحفظه في المملكة كما هو منصوص عليه في لائحة صناديق الاستثمار. كما يحق لمشغل
	الصندوق تعيين مشغل صندوق من الباطن

و - مراجع الحسابات	
ارنست أند يونغ طريق الملك فهد ص.ب.۲۷۳۲، برج الفيصلية، الدور٦ الرياض ١١٤٦١، المملكة العربية السعودية ت :۲۷۳٤۷٤ (١١) ٢٧٣٤	۱- اسم وعنوان مراجع الحسابات

ز- القوائم المالية

القوائم المالية لصندوق العربي المالية للصكوك السيادية السعودية (المتوافق مع الشريعة) فيي نهاية فترة عام ٢٠٢٢، أعدت وفقاً للمعايير المحاسبية المعتمدة من الهيئة السعودية للمحاسبين القانونيين في المملكة العربية السعودية

ANB Capital Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund (Shariah) (Previously, Al-Mubarak Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund) (Managed by anb capital Company) (Previously, Arab National Investment Company)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

31 DECEMBER 2022



Ernst & Young Professional Services (Professional LLC)
Paid-up capital (SR 5,500,000 – Five million five hundred thousand Saudi Riyal)
Head Office

Al Faisaliah Office Tower, 14th Floor King Fahad Road P.O. Box 2732 Riyadh 11461 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia C.R. No. 1010383821

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF ANB CAPITAL SAUDI SOVEREIGN SUKUK FUND (SHARIAH)
(MANAGED BY ANB CAPITAL COMPANY)
(PREVIOULSY, ARAB NATIONAL INVESTMENT COMPANY)

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of ANB Capital Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund (Shariah) (previously, Al-Mubarak Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund) (the "Fund") managed by Anb capital Company (previously, Arab National Investment Company) (the "Fund Manager"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity attributable to the unitholders and statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2022, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements that are endorsed by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia that is relevant to our audit of the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with this Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements that are endorsed by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants and the applicable provisions of the Investment Funds Regulations issued by the Board of the Capital Market Authority, and the Fund's terms and conditions and the Information Memorandum, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF ANB CAPITAL SAUDI SOVEREIGN SUKUK FUND (SHARIAH)
(MANAGED BY ANB CAPITAL COMPANY)
(PREVIOULSY, ARAB NATIONAL INVESTMENT COMPANY) (CONTINUED)

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF ANB CAPITAL SAUDI SOVEREIGN SUKUK FUND (SHARIAH)
(MANAGED BY ANB CAPITAL COMPANY)
(PREVIOULSY, ARAB NATIONAL INVESTMENT COMPANY) (CONTINUED)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty
 exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability
 to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are
 required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial
 statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions
 are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However,
 future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

for Ernst & Young Professional Services

Rashid S. Roshod Certified Public Accountant License No. 366

Riyadh: 8 Ramadan 1444H (30 March 2023) ANB Capital Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund (Shariah) (Previously, Al-Mubarak Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund) (Managed by anb capital Company) (Previously, Arab National Investment Company)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 SR	2021 SR
ASSETS Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Accrued special commission income Cash and cash equivalents with custodian	7	46,611,038 316,365 1,003,233	87,966,918 719,953 688,951
TOTAL ASSETS		47,930,636	89,375,822
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES Management fees payable Accrued expenses		23,936 19,094 43,030	67,595 19,079 86,674
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS (TOTAL EQUITY)		47,887,606	89,289,148
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		47,930,636	89,375,822
Redeemable units in issue		5,246,908	9,065,886
Net asset value attributable to each per unit		9.13	9.85

ANB Capital Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund (Shariah) (Previously, Al-Mubarak Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund) (Managed by anb capital Company) (Previously, Arab National Investment Company)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHEMSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 SR	2021 SR
INCOME			
Special commission income		2,117,760	4,834,042
Net realised loss on financial assets at FVTPL		(6,807,728)	(3,842,253)
Net movement in unrealised loss on financial assets at FVTPL	7	(873,201)	(4,295,582)
TOTAL		(5,563,169)	(3,303,793)
EXPENSES			
Management fees	8	(121,995)	(328,864)
Other expenses	8	(113,633)	(191,246)
TOTAL EXPENSES		(235,628)	(520,110)
NET (LOSS) INCOME FOR THE YEAR/		(5,798,797)	(3,823,903)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR /		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR/		(5,798,797)	(3,823,903)

ANB Capital Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund (Shariah) (Previously, Al-Mubarak Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund) (Managed by anb capital Company)

(Previously, Arab National Investment Company)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS For the year ended 31 December 2022

	2022 SR	2021 SR
Equity attributable to unitholders at beginning of the year	89,289,148	254,199,750
Net loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	(5,798,797)	(3,823,903)
Issuance and redemptions of units Issuance of units during the year Redemptions of units during the year Net change from unit transactions	125,952 (35,728,697) (35,602,745)	4,328,261 (165,414,960) (161,086,699)
Equity attributable to the unitholders at end of the year	47,887,606	89,289,148
REDEEMABLE UNIT TRANSACTIONS Transactions in redeemable units made for the year ended are summarised as follows:		
	2022 SR	2021 SR
Units at beginning of the year	9,065,886	25,284,608
Issuance of units during the year Redemptions of units during the year	13,418 (3,832,396)	430,408 (16,649,130)
Net changes in units	(3,818,978)	(16,218,722)
Units at end of the year	5,246,908	9,065,886

ANB Capital Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund (Shariah) (Previously, Al-Mubarak Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund) (Managed by anb capital Company) (Previously, Arab National Investment Company)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net loss for the year	Note	2022 SR (5,798,797)	2021 SR (3,823,903)
Adjustments: Net movement in unrealised loss on financial assets at FVTPL Special commission income	7	873,201 (2,117,760)	4,295,582 (4,834,042)
		(7,043,356)	(4,362,363)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Increase in financial assets at FVTPL Management fees payable and accrued expenses Net cash generated from operations		40,482,679 (43,644) 33,395,679	157,634,685 (102,987) 153,169,335
Special commission received		2,521,348	5,974,158
Net cash flows from operating activities		35,917,027	159,143,493
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from issuance of units Payment on redemption of units		125,952 (35,728,697)	4,328,261 (165,414,960)
Net cash from financing activities		(35,602,745)	(161,086,699)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		314,282	(1,943,206)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		688,951	2,632,157
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR		1,003,233	688,951

(Previously, Al-Mubarak Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund)

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(Previously, Arab National Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2022

1. FUND INFORMATION

ANB Capital Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund (Shariah) (the "Fund") is open-ended fund. The investment object of the Fund is to is to achieve growth on long term by investing in Saudi Riyal Sovereign Sukuk Issued by the Government of the Kingdom Saudi Arabia and other money market instruments in compliance with shariah. The Fund was established on 13 Rajab 1441H (corresponding to 8 March 2020) by Arab National Bank (the "Bank") which is now managed by Anb capital Company (the "Fund Manager"). The address of the Fund Manager is P.O. Box 220009, Riyadh 11311, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

The Fund has appointed Al Bilad Investment Company (the "Custodian") to act as its custodian and registrar. The fees of the custodian and registrar's services are paid by the Fund.

The Fund Manager is responsible for the overall management of the Fund's activities. The Fund Manager can also enter into arrangements with other institutions for the provision of investment, custody or other administrative services on behalf of the Fund.

On 29 September 2022, the Fund's Board of Directors resolved to change the name of the Fund from Al-Mubarak Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund to ANB Capital Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund (Shariah). The legal procedures for CMA approval for change in the Fund's name were completed on 03 October 2022.

2. REGULATING AUTHORITY

The Fund is governed by the Investment Fund Regulations (the "Regulations") issued by the CMA on 3 Dhul Hijja 1427H (corresponding to 24 December 2006), and effective from 6 Safar 1438H (corresponding 6 November 2016) by the New Investment Fund Regulations ("Amended Regulations") published by the Capital Market Authority on 16 Sha'aban 1437H (corresponding to 23 May 2016), detailing requirements for all funds within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The regulations were further amended by Resolution of the Board of CMA number 2-22-2021 dated 1 Rajab 1442H (corresponding to 24 February 2021). The amended regulations were effective form 19 Ramadan 1442H (corresponding to 1 May 2021).

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES TO ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA") (collectively referred to as "IFRS as endorsed in the KSA") and applicable provisions of Investment Funds Regulations issued by the Board of Capital Market Authority and Fund's terms and conditions and Investment memorandum.

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investments at fair value through profit or loss which are stated at their fair value.

These financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyals ("SR"), which is the functional currency of the Fund, and all values are rounded to the nearest one Saudi Riyal, except where otherwise indicated.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following are the significant accounting policies applied by the Fund in preparing its financial statements:

4.1 Financial instruments

The Fund recognises a financial asset or a financial liability when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

(i) Classification

In accordance with IFRS 9, the Fund classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities at initial recognition into the categories of financial assets and financial liabilities discussed below.

In applying that classification, a financial asset or financial liability is considered to be held for trading if:

(Previously, Al-Mubarak Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund)

(Managed by anb capital Company)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.1 Financial instruments (continued)

(i) Classification (continued)

- a) It is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term,
- b) On initial recognition, it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which, there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- c) It is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument)

Financial assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss on the basis of both:

- The entity's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.
- Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and commission on the principal amount outstanding.

• Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- i. Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (SPPI); and
- ii. It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell; or
- iii. At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at FVTPL when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

The Fund's investments includes investments in sukuk which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price.

Financial liabilities

- Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

 A financial liability is measured at FVTPL if it meets the definition of held for trading. The Fund does not hold any financial liabilities measured at FVTPL.
- Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost
 This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss..

(ii) Recognition

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.1 Financial instruments (continued)

(iii) Initial measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are recorded in the statement of financial position at fair value. All transaction costs for such instruments are recognised directly in the statement of compherensive income.

Financial assets and liabilities (other than those classified as at FVTPL) are measured initially at their fair value including any directly attributable transaction costs.

(iv) Subsequent measurement

After initial measurement, the Fund measures financial instruments which are classified as at FVTPL, at fair value. Subsequent changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in net movement in unrealized gain or loss on financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL in the statement of comprehensive income. Interest and dividends earned or paid on these instruments are recorded separately in interest income and dividend income in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective commission rate (ECR) method.

(v) Derecognition of financial instruments

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a *financial asset* or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Fund's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Fund continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Fund's continuing involvement. In that case, the Fund also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Fund has retained.

Financial liabilities

The Fund derecognises a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

(vi) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of fmancial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is generally not the case with master netting agreements unless one party to the agreement defaults and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statement of financial position.

(vii) Impairment of financial assets

The Fund assesses on a forward looking basis the Expected Credit Losses("ECL") associated with its financial assets, carried at amortised cost, the ECL is based on a 12-month ECL and lifetime ECL. The 12-month ECL is the portion of lifetime the ECLs that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL.

(Previously, Al-Mubarak Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund)

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(Previously, Arab National Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash on hand and short-term deposits in banks that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, with original maturities of three months or less.

Short-term investments that are not held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments and restricted margin accounts are not considered as 'cash and cash equivalents.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes balance held with the custodian.

4.3 Accrued expenses

Liabilities are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future for services received, whether billed by the suppliers or not. These are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

4.4 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has an obligation (legal or constructive) arising from a past event, and the costs to settle the obligation are both probable and can be measured reliably. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pretax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risk specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as finance costs.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured.

4.5 Zakat and income tax

Under the current system of taxation in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia the Fund is not liable to pay any zakat or income tax as they are considered to be the obligation of the Unitholders and as such, these are not provided in the financial statements.

4.6 Redeemable Units

Redeemable units are classified as equity instruments when:

- The redeemable units entitle the holder to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation
- The redeemable units are in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments
- All redeemable units in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features
- The redeemable units do not include any contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the holder's rights to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets
- The total expected cash flows attributable to the redeemable units over the life of the instrument are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Fund over the life of the instrument.

In addition to the redeemable shares having all of the above features, the Fund must have no other financial instrument or contract that has:

- Total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Fund
- The effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the redeemable shareholders

The Fund continuously assesses the classification of the redeemable shares. If the redeemable shares cease to have all the features, or meet all the conditions set out, to be classified as equity, the Fund will reclassify them as financial liabilities and measure them at fair value at the date of reclassification, with any differences from the previous carrying amount recognised in equity. If the redeemable shares subsequently have all the features and meet the conditions to be classified as equity, the Fund will reclassify them as equity instruments and measure them at the carrying amount of the liabilities at the date of the reclassification.

(Previously, Al-Mubarak Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund)

(Managed by anb capital Company)

(Previously, Arab National Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.6 Redeemable Units (continued)

The issuance, acquisition and cancellation of redeemable shares are accounted for as equity transactions.

No gain or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on the purchase, issuance or cancellation of the Fund's own equity instruments.

The capital of the Fund is SR 52,469,080 (2021: SR 90,658,860) divided into 5,246,908 (2021: 9,065,886) participating units of SR 10 par value. All issued participating units are fully paid. The Fund's capital is represented by these participating units and are classified as equity instruments. The units are entitled to payment of a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value upon winding up of the Fund.

4.7 Net assets value per unit

Net assets value per unit as disclosed in the statement of financial position is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units outstanding at year end.

4.8 Special commission income

Special commission income including special commission income from financial assets measured at FVTPL, are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income, using Effective Commission Rate(ECR) method. The ECR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of financial instrument (or, when appropriate, a shorter period) to the carrying amount of the financial instrument on initial recognition. When calculating the ECR, the Fund estimates future cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument, but not future credit losses.

4.9 Net gain or loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

Net gains or losses on financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL are changes in the fair value of financial assets and liabilities held for trading or designated upon initial recognition as at FVTPL and exclude special commission and dividend income and expenses.

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the year and from reversal of the prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments, which were realised in the reporting period. Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified as at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average cost method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount, or cash payments or receipts made on derivative contracts (excluding payments or receipts on collateral margin accounts for such instruments).

4.10 Management fees

Fund management fees are recognised on accrual basis and charged to the statement of comprehensive income. Fund management fee is charged at agreed rates with the Fund Manager and as stated in the terms and conditions of the Fund.

4.11 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The Fund uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This is described, as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole.

ANB Capital Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund (Shariah) (Previously, Al-Mubarak Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund)

(Managed by anb capital Company)

(Previously, Arab National Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.11 Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each year. The Fund determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, and for non-recurring measurement.

At each reporting date, the Fund analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Fund's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Fund verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents. The Fund also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Fund has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy, as explained above.

4.12 Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Saudi Riyal (SR) at the exchange rate at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from translations are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into SR at the exchange rate at the reporting date.

Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as net foreign exchange losses, except for those arising on financial instruments at FVTPL, which are recognised as a component of net gain from financial instruments at FVTPL.

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS as endorsed in the KSA requires the use of certain critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Such judgements, estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including obtaining professional advices and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively. Significant areas where management has used estimates, assumptions or exercised judgement are as follows:

Going concern

The Board of Directors in conjunction with the Fund Manager made an assessment of the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and are satisfied that the Fund has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, they are not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

Allowance for expected credit losses

The Fund recognises allowance for expected credit loss (ECL) on its Murabaha placements and Sukuk instruments. The Fund measures loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECL, except for the following, for which they are measured at 12-month ECL:

- Financial assets that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- Financial assets on which credit risk has not increased significantly since their initial recognition

(Previously, Al-Mubarak Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2022

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (continued)

Allowance for expected credit losses (continued)

The Fund considers a debt security to have low credit risk when their credit risk rating is equivalent to the globally understood definition of 'investment grade' or certain unrated investment with no default in past. 12-month ECL is the portion of ECL that results from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date.

Fair value measurement

The Fund measures its investments in financial instruments, such as equity instruments at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Fund. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The fair value for financial instruments traded in active markets at the reporting date is based on their quoted price (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs.

6. NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS ADOPTED BY THE FUND

New standards and amendments adopted by the Fund

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those used in the previous year, except for adoption of certain new standards and interpretations and amendments to standards and interpretations which are applicable to the Fund as of 1 January 2022.

- Amendment to IFRS 16, 'Leases' COVID-19 related rent concessions extension of the practical expedient.
- Narrow-scope amendments to IFRS 3, IAS 16, IAS 37 and annual improvements on IFRS 1, IFRS 9, IAS 41 and IFRS 16
- Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Business combinations' update a reference in IFRS 3 to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting without changing the accounting requirements for business combinations.
- Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment' prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the entity is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognize such sales proceeds and related cost in statement of income.
- Amendments to IAS 37 Onerous Contracts Costs of Fulfilling a Contract, specify which costs a entity includes when assessing whether a contract will be loss-making.
- Annual improvements make minor amendments to IFRS 1, 'First-time Adoption of IFRS by a subsidiary', IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities, and IAS 41, 'Agriculture' relating to taxation in fair value measurements.

Standards, interpretations and amendments issued but not yet effective

The new and amended standards and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements are disclosed below. The Fund intends to adopt these new and amended standards and interpretations, if applicable, when they become effective.

- Amendments to IAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates (effective 1 January 2023)
- Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2 Disclosure of Accounting Policies (effective 1 January 2023)
- Amendments to IAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (effective 1 January 2023)
- Amendments to IAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (effective 1 January 2023)
- IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts (including Amendments to IFRS 17 issued in June 2020 and Amendment to IFRS 17 -Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 - Comparative Information issued in December 2021) (effective 1 January 2023

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6. NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS ADOPTED BY THE FUND (continued)

Standards, interpretations and amendments issued but not yet effective (continued)

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (effective date is postpone indefinitely)
- Amendments to IFRS 16 Lease Liability in a sale and leaseback transaction (effective 1 January 2024)

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (FVTPL)

The composition of the investment's portfolio on the last valuation day of the period is summarised below:

Name of sukuk	Commission rate	Maturity date	Market value SR	Unrealised loss SR
5281 - Saudi Government SAR Sukuk	2.10%	23 March 2025	3,815,600	(283,225)
5283 - Saudi Government SAR Sukuk	2.47%	27 January 2027	3,841,503	(389,265)
5284 - Saudi Government SAR Sukuk	3.00%	24 February 2035	5,879,490	(1,196,460)
5282 - Saudi Government SAR Sukuk	2.69%	23 March 2030	6,416,270	(714,696)
5280 - Saudi Government SAR Sukuk	4.64%	24 April 2049	16,204,104	(3,773,401)
Mutual fund			36,156,967	(6,357,047)
ANB Capital SAR Trade Fund (Shariah)			10,454,071	65,234
			46,611,038	(6,291,813)

The composition of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as of 31 December 2021 is summarised below:

Name of sukuk As at 31 December 2021	Commission rate	Maturity date	Market value SR	Unrealised loss SR
Sovereign government sukuk 5281 - Saudi Government SAR Sukuk	2.17%	23 March 2025	9 012 600	(194.051)
	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		8,013,600	(184,051)
5283 - Saudi Government SAR Sukuk	2.47%	27 January 2027	7,113,913	(231,529)
5282 - Saudi Government SAR Sukuk	2.69%	23 March 2030	7,059,530	(71,437)
5284 - Saudi Government SAR Sukuk	3.00%	24 February 2035	22,782,240	(1,214,460)
5280 - Saudi Government SAR Sukuk	4.64%	24 April 2049	42,997,635	(3,717,135)
			87,966,918	(5,418,612)
The movements in fair value in financial a	assets at fair value thr	ough profit and loss are		2021
			2022	2021
			SR	SR
At 1 January			87,966,918	249,897,185
Net sales of financial assets at FVPTL			(33,674,951)	(153,792,432)
Net realised loss on financial assets at FV	TPL		(6,807,728)	(3,842,253)
Net movement in unrealised loss on finan-			(873,201)	(4,295,582)
At 31 December			46,611,038	87,966,918

ANB Capital Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund (Shariah) (Previously, Al-Mubarak Saudi Sovereign Sukuk Fund)

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At 31 December 2022

8. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

As per the agreement, the Fund is required to pay a management fee at the maximum rate of 0.2% per annum calculated based on the total net asset value at each valuation date. In addition, the Fund manager also charges other fees at a maximum rate of 0.50% per annum calculated based on the total net asset value at each valuation date to meet other expenses of the Fund.

The management fees amounting to SR 121,995 (2021: 328,864) and other fees amounting to SR 113,633 (2021: 191,246), recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, represent the fees charged by the Fund Manager during the year as described above.

The accrued management and other fees payable to the Fund Manager at the end are disclosed in the statement of financial position.

The Unitholders' account at 31 December included units held as of 31 December by:

	2022 SR	2021 SR
Employees of the Bank	890	890

9. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value of investments in Sukuk are evaluated by the Fund based on parameters such as commission rates, specific country risk factors, and individual creditworthiness of the counterparties. Management believes that the fair value of all other financial assets and liabilities are classified as amortised cost and at the reporting date approximate their carrying values.

Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Fund's financial assets as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021. There are no other financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value.

		Fair value measurement using			
	Total SR	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) SR	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	
A 421 D 1 2022		SR		SR	
As at 31 December 2022 Financial assets measured at fair value					
Financial assets at FVTPL	46,611,038	36,156,967	10,454,071	-	
As at 31 December 2021					
Financial assets measured at fair value Financial assets at FVTPL	87,966,918	87,966,918			
Thiancial assets at I V II L	=======================================	=======================================		-	

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements during the year, and no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value measurements during the year.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2022

10. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Set out below is an overview of financial assets, other than cash and cash equivalents, held by the Fund as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

	2022 SR	2021 SR
Financial assets at amortised cost Financal asset at FVTPL Cash and cash equivalents with custodian	46,611,038 1,003,233	87,966,918 688,951
	47,614,271	88,655,869

Set out below is an overview of financial liabilities held by the Fund as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

	2022 SR	2021 SR
Financial liabilities at amortised cost Management fees payables	23,936	67,595

11. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund's principal financial liabilities are management payables. The Fund also has financial assets in the form of cash and cash equivalents and financial assets at FVTPL which are integral and directly derived out of its regular business.

The Fund's financial operations are exposed to following risks.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a party to a financial instrument will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Fund. The Fund has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties, for whom the credit risk is assessed to be low.

The Fund attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific non-related counterparties, and continually assessing the creditworthiness of such non-related counterparties. The Fund maintains bank balances with high credit rated financial institutions and investments in sovereign government sukuks.

The table below shows the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk for components of the statement of financial position.

	2022 SR	2021 SR
Financial assets at FVTPL Cash and cash equivalents with custodian	46,611,038 1,003,233	87,964,983 688,951
	47,614,271	88,653,934

The management has assessed allowance expected credit losses (ECL) under IFRS 9 and based on that assessment, the management believes that allowance for ECL is not significant as of 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2022

11. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in releasing funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at an amount close to its fair value

The Fund's terms and conditions provide for redemptions of units twice a week and it is, therefore, exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting Unit holders redemptions. The Fund's bank balances and investment in sukuks are considered to be readily realisable. The Fund Manager monitors liquidity requirements on a regular basis and seeks to ensure that sufficient funds are available including bank facilities to meet commitments as they arise.

The undiscounted value of all financial liabilities of the Fund at the reporting date approximate to their carrying values and all are to be settled within one year from the reporting date.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments equals their fair value. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control the market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimising the return. The Funds is exposed to special commission rate risk and equity price risk.

Special commission rate risk

Special commission rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the market rates. The Fund is not exposed to commission rate risk as it does not hold any financial assets with variable commission rate.

Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk of unfavourable changes in the fair values of equity instruments as a result of changes in the value of individual shares. The equity price risk exposure arises from the Fund's investments in equity securities. The Fund's investments are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future prices. The Board manages this risk through diversification of its investment portfolio in terms of industry concentration.

Sensitivity analysis

The table below sets out the effect on profit or loss of a reasonably possible weakening /strengthening in the individual equity market prices by 5% at the reporting date. The estimates are made on an individual investment basis. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular commission and foreign currency rates, remain constant.

Effect on profit and loss		022	202	21
Net movement in gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTPL	+ 5%	SR 2,330,552	+ 5%	SR 4,398,346
WOOD WIVIII	- 5%	(2,330,552)	- 5%	(4,398,346)

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At 31 December 2022

12. MATURITY ANALYSIS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled respectively:

As at 31 December 2022	Within 12 months SR	After 12 months SR	Total SR
ASSETS			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	46,611,038	-	46,611,038
Accrued special commission income	316,365	-	316,365
Cash and cash equivalents with custodian	1,003,233		1,003,233
TOTAL ASSETS	47,930,636		47,930,636
LIABILITIES			
Management fees payable	23,936	-	23,936
Accrued expenses	19,094		19,094
TOTAL LIABILITIES	43,030	-	43,030
As at 31 December 2021	Within 12 months SR	After 12 months SR	Total SR
ASSETS			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	87,966,918	-	87,966,918
Accrued special commission income	719,953	-	719,953
Cash and cash equivalents with custodian	688,951	-	688,951
TOTAL ASSETS	89,375,822	-	89,375,822
LIABILITIES			
Management fees payable	67,595	_	67,595
Accrued expenses	19,079		19,079
TOTAL LIABILITIES	86,674	-	86,674

13. LAST VALUATION DAY

The last valuation day of the year was 28 December 2022 (2021:30 December 2021)

14. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the Fund's Board of Directors on 8 Ramadan 1444H (corresponding to 30 March 2023.