شركة العربي الوطني للاستثمار

(مساهمة سعودية مقفلة - مرخصة من هيئة السوق المالية)



صندوق المبارك للمتاجرة بالريال السعودي

(التقرير السنوي)

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١- اسم صندوق الاستثمار

صندوق المبارك للمتاجرة بالريال السعودي

٢- أهداف وسياسات الاستثمار وممارساته.

يهدف الصندوق إلى المحافظة على رأس المال وتوفير السيولة وتحقيق نمو قصير الأجل في رأس المال، وذلك من خلال الاستثمار في مجموعة متنوعة من الأدوات المالية المتحفظة، مثل معاملات المرابحة والإجارة، وكذلك الصكوك الصادرة من جهات ذات سمعة حسنة والمستقرة ماليا والمتوافقة مع أحكام الشريعة الإسلامية أو صناديق مشابهة. سيقوم مدير الصندوق بتوزيع استثماراته بين الأصول والفترات الزمنية المختلفة بناء على قراءته للتحركات المتوقعة لهامش الربح على صفقات المرابحة وغيرها من الأصول. كما يعتمد قرار المدير الاستثماري على هوامش الربح المتاحة في حينها حيث سيعمل على اختيار أفضلها. وسيعمل مدير الصندوق على تحقيق أداء أعلى من أداء المؤشر دون أي ضمان من المدير لذلك أو مسؤولية عليه بهذا الخصوص.

٣- سياسة توزيع الدخل والأرباح

الصندوق عبارة عن صندوق تراكم دخل يعاد استثمار صافي دخله فيه، ولا يتم توزيعه على شكل حصص في الأرياح على وحدات الاستثمار.

٤- تقديم تقارير الصندوق

وفقاً للائحة صناديق الاستثمار سيقوم مدير الصندوق بإعداد التقارير السنوية (بما في ذلك القوائم المالية السنوية المراجعة) والبيان ربع السنوي واتاحتها في الموقع الإلكتروني لمدير الصندوق والموقع الإلكتروني للسوق او أي موقع اخر تحدده هيئة السوق المالية **وستكون تلك التقارير متاحة لكل مشترك بناءً على طلب كتابي منه بدون تحميله أي مصاريف نظير** ذلك

٥- وصف المؤشر الاسترشادي للصندوق

المؤشر الاسترشادي للصندوق هو عائد المرابحة الإرشادي لشهر (ريال سعودي) ويتم حساب المؤشر بالاستدلال بمؤشر سايبور (سعر الفائدة بين البنوك السعودية) لمدة شهر ويتم تحديده بشكل يومي بناءً على عوامل السوق وفقًا لآلية محددة ومعتمدة بين البنوك. ويمكن الحصول على المعلومات حول المؤشر من خلال زيارة الموقع الالكتروني لوكالة تومسون رويترز. وسيعمل مدير الصندوق على تحقيق أداء أعلى من أداء المؤشر دون أي ضمان من المدير لذلك أو مسؤولية عليه بهذا الخصوص.

ب- اداء الصندوق						
ل مقارنة يغطي السنوات المالية الثلاثة الأخيرة:						
7.19	7.7.	7.71				
7,702,777,017	۲,0۳۷,۷٤٥,۲۸۰	٢,٤٤٩,٤٦٤,٥٩٣	أ- صافي قيمة أصول الصندوق في نهاية كل سنة مالية			
71,2890	۲۱,۷۲۳۰	71,172	ب- صافي قيمة أصول الصندوق لكل وحدة في نهاية كل سنة مالية			
71,2790	۲۱,۷۲۳۰	71,712	ج (١) - أعلى قيمة أصول الصندوق لكل وحدة			
۲۰,۸٦۰۱	۲۱,٤٤٠٨	71,7727	ج (٢) - أقل قيمة أصول الصندوق لكل وحدة			
1.0,179,107,77	117,877,971,8807	117,.71,.77,0198	د- عدد الوحدات المصدرة في نهاية كل سنة			
	لا ينطبق		ه- قيمة الارباح الموزعة لكل وحدة			
%.,۲۲	%٠,٢٣	%٠,٢٤	و- نسبة المصروفات			
لا يوجد	لا يوجد	لا يوجد	ز (١) - نسبة الأصول المقترضة من إجمالي قيمة الأصول			
لا يوجد	لا يوجد	لا يوجد	ز (٢) - مدة انكشاف الأصول المقترضة			
لا يوجد	لا يوجد	لا يوجد	ز (٣) - تاريخ استحقاق الأصول المقترضة			
%٠,٤٣	%.,0.	%٠,٢٠	ح. نتائج مقارنة أداء المؤشر الاسترشادي للصندوق بأداء الصندوق			

٢- سجل الأداء:

	سنة ٣ سنوات منذ الت		٥ سنوات من		
أ- العائد الإجمالي	%٠,٦٥	%£,۸۲	٩,٣٢	۱۱۸,٦٤	
	السنة	الأداء	السنة	الأداء	
	7.17	%٠,٩٣	7.17	%1,91	
	7.18	%1,1٣	Y • 1 A	%٢,٣٤	
ب- العائد الإجمالي السنوي	7.18	%٠,٩٠	7.19	%۲,۷۹	
	7.10	%·,AV	7.7.	%1,87	
	7.17	%۲,٦٢	7.71	%٠,٦٥	
	رسوم الإدارة	اجمالي المصاريف الاخرى	اجمالي المصروفات	نسبة المصروفات	
ج- نسبة المصروفات	0,114,574	1,.٧٤,.٣٣	٦,٢٦١,٤٦٠	%·, Y £	
	ظروف منح الإعفاءات من أي رسوم أو تخفيضها - لاينطبق				
د- قواعد حساب بيانات الأداء	لقد تم تطبيق جميع قواعد حساب بيانات الأداء بشكل متسق				

لقد تم تطبيق جميع فواعد حساب بيانات الاداء بشكل متسق	د- فواعد حساب بيانات الاداء			
تغييرات الجوهرية خلال الفترة				
	لم تحدث أي تغييرات جوهرية خلال			
	٤- ممارسات التصويت السنوية			
	لا ينطبق			
	٥- تقرير مجلس إدارة الصندوق			
١. السيد/ بسام بن راشد المبارك (رئيساً				
٢. السيد/ فهد بن عبد العزيز القاضي (عضو)	أ- أسماء أعضاء مجلس إدارة			
٣. السيد/ وليد بن ناصر المعجل (عضو)	الصندوق ونوع العضوية			
٤. الدكتور/ محمد بن حمد المغيولي (عضو مستقل)				
٥. السيد / ناصر بن عبد الله الهلابي (عضٍو مستقل)				
۱. السيد/ بسام بن راشد المبارك (رئيساً)				
رئيس الاستثمارات الاستراتيجية بالبِنك العربي الوطنى، وشغل قبل ذلك منصب الرئيس التنفيذي لشركة العربي الوطنى للاستثمار ورئيسٍ إدارة				
الوساطة المحلية والعالمية لدى شركة العربي الوطني للاستثمار، ولديه ٢٥ سنة من الخبرة في المصرفية الاستثمارية، وقبل انضمامه لشركة العربي				
الوطني للاستثمار عمل لدى البنك السعودي الفرنسي، ويحمل شهادة بكالوريوس في العلوم السياسية من "جامعة الملك سعود."				
٢. السيد/ فهد بن عبد العزيز القاضي (عضو)				
رئيس منظومة التجزئة المصرفية سابقاً لدى البنك العربي الوطني، ولديه خبرة مصرفية لأكثر من ٣٠ سنة عمل بها في قطاع مصرفية الأفراد، ويحمل				
شهادة بكالوريوس في الاقتصاد من "جامعة الملك سعود."				
٣. السيد/ وليد بن ناصر المعجل (عضو)				
رئيس المصرفية الإسلامية في البنك العربي الوطني، ولديه خبره ١٧ سنة في المصرفية الإسلامية في قطاع البنوك، وقد شغل قبل ذلك منصب مدير				
المطلوبات في المصرفية للإسلامية لدى البنك السعودي البريطاني، ويحمل شهادة البكالوريوس في التسويق من "جامعة الملك فهد للبترول	ب- نبذة عن مؤهلات أعضاء			
والمعادن."	مجلس إدارة الصندوق			
٤. الدكتور/ محمد بن حمد المغيولي (عضو مستقل)				
أستاذ التحليل المالي والمراجعة في كلية إدارة الاعمال بجامعة الملك سعود، وعمل سابقاً كمستشار لدى مؤسسة النقد العربي السعودي (ساما)				
وجمعية المحاسبين القانونيين السعوديين وحالياً يعمل كمستشار لدى جمعية المحاسبين القانونيين الخليجية، وهو عضو في العديد من جمعيات				
ومنظمات المحاسبة المحلية والاقليمية والعالمية، ويحمل شهادة الدكتوراه في المحاسبة من "جامعة ويلز" في المملكة المتحدة وشهادة الماجيستير				
في العلوم المالية والإدارية من جامعة الملك سعود وشهادة البكالوريوس في العلوم المالية والإدارية من جامعة الملك سعود. 				
٥. السيد/ ناصر بن عبد الله الهلابي (عضو مستقل) و قد الله تعالى المرابع				
رئيس قسم الاستثمار في شركة التعاونية للتأمين بين عامي ١٩٩٢ و ٢٠١٥ م وقبل عمله في شركة التعاونية للتأمين عمل بالبنك السعودي الهولندي				
والبنك السعودي للاستثمار ومجموعة سامبا المالية ولديه خبرة تزيد عن ٣٥ عاماً في مجال الاستثمار والبنوك والتأمين، ويحمل درجة الماجستير من				
جامعة اوهايو – امريكا في الصحافة وتبادل المعلومات وشهادة البكالوريوس من جامعة الرياض في العلاقات العامة وتبادل المعلومات. - هما منظم أحد المسلمات المعلومات وشهادة البكالوريوس من جامعة الرياض في العلاقات العامة وتبادل المعلومات.				
تشمل مسؤوليات أعضاء مجلس إدارة الصندوق، على سبيل المثال لا الحصر، الآتي:				
— الموافقة على جميع العقود والقرارات والتقارير الجوهرية التي يكون الصندوق العام طرفاً فيها ويشمل ذلك (على سبيل المثال لا الحصر)				
الموافقة على عقود تقديم خدمات الإدارة للصندوق وعقود تقديم خدمات الحفظ ولا يشمل ذلك العقود المبرمة وفقاً للقرارات الاستثمارية في				
شأن أي استثمارات قام بها الصندوق أو سيقوم بها في المستقبل.				
— اعتماد سياسة مكتوبة فيما يتعلق بحقوق التصويت المتعلقة بأصول الصندوق. الدولة - مركز ذلك ما أيال المنتقبة أيال المقترب المتعلقة بأصول السند و المنتوبة المنتوبة الدورة والمستورة المستو	ج- وصف أدوار مجلس إدارة			
— الإشراف، ومتى كان ذلك مناسباً، الموافقة أو المصادقة على أي تضارب مصالح يفصح عنه مدير الصندوق وفقاً للائحة صناديق الاستثمار.	الصندوق ومسؤولياته			
— الاجتماع مرتين سنوياً على الأقل مع مسؤول المطابقة والالتزام (لجنة المطابقة والالتزام) لدى مدير الصندوق، لمراجعة التزام الصندوق بجميع				
القوانين والأنظمة واللوائح ذات العلاقة ويشمل ذلك (على سبيل المثال لا الحصر) المتطلبات المنصوص عليها في لائحة صناديق الاستثمار				
الصادرة عن مجلس هيئة السوق المالية. التأكير اكتراك من تقد ما أي كريال من قي أم حين آن (ما أكان متراً أن في من من في المستقبات المن متراك المن من				
— التأكد من اكتمال ودقة شروط وأحكام الصندوق وأي مستند آخر (سواء أكان عقداً أم غيره) يتضمن افصاحات تتعلق بالصندوق العام ومدير				
الصندوق وإدارته للصندوق العام إضافة للتأكد من توافق ما سبق مع أحكام لائحة صناديق الاستثمار الصادرة عن مجلس هيئة السوق المالية.				

ط وأحكام الصندوق وأحكام لائحة صناديق الاستثمار.	ؤولياته بما بحقق مصلحة مالكي الوحدات وفقاً لشرو		-
	وو		-
جلس.	, جميع وقائع الاجتماعات والقرارات التي اتخذها الم	- تدوين محاضر الاجتماعات التي تبين	-
جتماعين بالسنة وهو الحد الأدنى لعدد الاجتماعات			
دارة الصندوق لكافة الصناديق المتوافقة مع المعايير	اقصى عن حضور كل اجتماع من اجتماعات مجلس إ	لكافاه فدرها ۱۰٫۰۰۰ ريال سعودي تحدا لشرعية.	ا د صوب رسون العصاد
رية المدارة من قبل مدير الصندوق ومدة العقد مع كل	هم أعضاء في محالس إدارات كافة الصناديق الاستثما	. " -	ا محلس اداره الصناروق
ري المسارة على عبل مسير المساري ومسارة المسارة على عبار		يضو مجلس إدارة مستقل هي سنة واحدة	
		3 6 6 3 6 6 5	ه- بيان بأي تعارض متحقق أو
احاله المادة في في في في المادة المادة	م حال المالة المالة عند المالة الم	المراجعة أعراب مالح والمراجعة أ	محتما دين مصالح عظم
مطابح الطبندوق فسوف يقطع عنه المجنس.	و محتمل بين مصالح عضو مجلس إدارة الصندوق و	ي حال وجود اي تعارض مصالح متحقق ا	مجلس إدارة الصندوق ومصالح
	N		الصندوق
ني يشرف عليها العضو 2. صندوة المباراء الأسمو السعودية النقية	اسماء الصناديق الغ ١. صندوق المبارك للمتاجرة بالريال السعودي	اسم العضو	
 ٥. صندوق المبارك للأسهم السعودية النقية ٦. صندوق المبارك للصكوك السيادية السعودية 	صندوق المبارك للمتاجرة بالريال الشعودي صندوق المبارك للمتاجرة بالدولار الأمريكي		
٧. صندوق العربي للأسهم السعودية	٣. صندوق المبارك للاكتتابات الأولية	السيد/ بسام بن راشد المبارك	
٨. صندوق العربي المتوازن	٤. صندوق المبارك للأسهم السعودية		
٥. صندوق المبارك للأسهم السعودية النقية	١. صندوق المبارك للمتاجرة بالريال السعودي		
 مندوق المبارك للصكوك السيادية السعودية 	٢. صندوق المبارك للمتاجرة بالدولار الأمريكي	السيد/ فهد بن عبد العزيز القاضي	
 ٧. صندوق العربي للأسهم السعودية ٨. صندوق العربي المتوازن 	 ٣. صندوق المبارك للاكتتابات الأولية ٤. صندوق المبارك للأسهم السعودية 	·	
 ٨. صندوق العربي المتوارن ٤. صندوق المبارك للأسهم السعودية 	 صندوق المبارك للمتاجرة بالريال السعودي 		و- مجالس إدارة الصناديق
 مندوق المبارك للأسهم السعودية النقية 	٢. صندوق المبارك للمتاجرة بالدولار الأمريكي	السيد/ وليد بن ناصر المعجل	الأخرى التي يشارك فيها عضو
٦. صندوق المبارك للصكوك السيادية السعودية	٣. صندوق المبارك للاكتتابات الأولية		مجلس إدارة الصندوق
 صندوق المبارك للأسهم السعودية النقية 	١. صندوق المبارك للمتاجرة بالريال السعودي		
7. صندوق المبارك للصكوك السيادية السعودية ٧	 ٢. صندوق المبارك للمتاجرة بالدولار الأمريكي 	الدكتور/ محمد بن حمد المغيولي	
 ۷. صندوق العربي للأسهم السعودية ٨. صندوق العربي المتوازن 	 ٣. صندوق المبارك للاكتتابات الأولية ٤. صندوق المبارك للأسهم السعودية 	• 1	
 ٨٠٠ حسول العربي المسوري ٥٠ صندوق المبارك للأسهم السعودية النقية 	صندوق المبارك للمتاجرة بالريال السعودي		
7. صندوق المبارك للصكوك السيادية السعودية	٢. صندوق المبارك للمتاجرة بالدولار الأمريكي	Statistica and the transfer	
٧. صندوق العربي للأسهم السعودية	٣. صندوق المبارك للاكتتابات الأولية	السيد / ناصر بن عبد الله الهلابي	
 مندوق العربي المتوازن 	 ع. صندوق المبارك للأسهم السعودية 		
		لاجتماع الأول – مارس ٢٠٢١	1
وق بالرياض وبعد التأكد من اكتمال النصاب القانوني	٢٠ م تم عقد الاجتماع الأول لمجلس إدارة الصند معتبر التقات	له في يوم الاربعاء الموافق ٣١ مارس ٢١	1
	عات الأثية:	لمجلس قام المجلس بمناقشة الموضوء	3
	Y Y .1 1 11	ti vizetia di ti vizeti di A	
		١. عرض التقرير السنوي والتقرير الس	
	إداره الصندوق.	٢. مراجعة القرارات السابقة لمجلس إ	
		٣. نظرة عامة على السوق.	
		 تقييم السوق والقطاع. 	
		 ملخص الاقتصاد الكلي. 	
	المدارة للصناديق التي يشرف عليها مجلس الإدارة.	 مقدمة عن التغير في حجم الأصول 	
	صناديق المماثلة في السوق.	 أداء الصندوق ومقارنة الأداء مع الع 	
.5	لنقد والدخل الثابت والتي يشرف عليها مجلس الإدار	 ٨. شرح تفصيلي عن صناديق أسواق ا 	ز- الموضوعات التي تمت
		 ٩. عرض القوائم المالية المنتهية في ١ 	مناقِشتها والقرارات الصادرة
توافقة مع الضوابط الشرعية للسنة المالية المنتهية في		-	بشأنها
المراجع المراجع المساوية المساوية المساوية الم	6	دیسمبر ۲۰۲۱.	
		۱۱. مناقشة التقرير الخاص بالالتزام.	
		١٢. مناقشة أي تعدي لحدود الاستثمار١٣. مناقشة أي تضارب مصالح قد حد	
	ق المشرف عليها من قبل مجلس الإدارة.		
	سنوية في الجمعيات العمومية للشركات المدرجة.		
خص المعلومات الرئيسية ومذكرة المعلومات للصندوق	-		
خص المعلومات الرئيسية ومذكرة المعلومات للصندوق	يث ملخّص الافصاح المالي للصندوق وتحديثه في مل		
	يث ملخُص الافصاح المالي للصندوق وتحديثه في مل . ٢٠٢٠.	١٧. إخطار مجلس الإدارة بالبدء في تحد وفقاً للبيانات المالية المدققة لسنة	
	يث ملخّص الافصاح المالي للصندوق وتحديثه في مل	١٧. إخطار مجلس الإدارة بالبدء في تحد وفقاً للبيانات المالية المدققة لسنة	9

- ✓ اعتماد القوائم المالية المدققة لصناديق الاستثمار المتوافقة مع الضوابط الشرعية عن السنة المالية المنتهية في ٣١ ديسمبر ٢٠٢٠، وتقرير مراجع الحسابات بهذا الخصوص.
- ✓ الموافقة على إعادة تعيين السادة/ مكتب إرنست ويونغ كمراجع للحسابات، وتكليفهم بتدقيق ومراجعة القوائم المالية السنوية والنصف السنوية لصناديق الاستثمار المتوافقة مع الضوابط الشرعية عن السنة المالية التي تنتهي في ٣١ ديسمبر ٢٠٢١.
- ✓ تحديد أتعاب مراجع الحسابات، السادة/ مكتب إرنست ويونغ، عن السنة المالية التي تنتهي في ٣١ ديسمبر ٢٠٢١ م للقوائم المالية السنوية والنصف سنوية.
 - ✓ الموافقة على التقرير السنوي والتقرير السنوي المختصر من قبل مدير الصندوق.
 - √ إقرار مجلس الإدارة بعدم وجود تضارب مصالح في الصندوق.
 - v الموافقة على تحديث ملخص الإفصاح المالي في ملخص المعلومات الرئيسية ومذكرة معلومات الصناديق الشرعية.
 - ٧ اعتماد محضر الاجتماع السابق لمجلس الإدارة.

الاجتماع الثاني - أغسطس ٢٠٢١

إنه في يوم الثلاثاء الموافق ٣١ اغسطس ٢٠٢١م تم عقد الاجتماع الثانى لمجلس إدارة الصندوق بالرياض وبعد التأكد من اكتمال النصاب القانونى للمجلس قام المجلس بمناقشة الموضوعات الآتية:

- ١. مراجعة التفويضات الخاصة بإدارة الصندوق (النظام الأساسي لتكوين مجلس إدارة الصندوق، السياسات المتعلقة بالمشاركة في الاكتتابات الأولية، السياسات المتعلقة بحقوق التصويت).
 - ٢. نظرة عامة على السوق.
 - ٣. تقييم السوق والقطاع.
 - ٤. ملخص الاقتصاد الكلى.
 - مقدمة عن التغير في حجم الأصول المدارة للصناديق التي يشرف عليها مجلس الإدارة.
 - أداء الصندوق ومقارنة الأداء مع الصناديق المماثلة في السوق.
 - ٧. شرح تفصيلي عن صناديق أسواق النقد والدخل الثابت والتي يشرف عليها مجلس الإدارة.
 - عرض تقييم المخاطر للصندوق والمعايير المستخدمة في التقييم
 - ٩. مناقشة التقرير الخاص بالالتزام
 - ١٠. مناقشة أي تعدي لحدود الاستثمار للصندوق إن وجد.
 - ١١. مناقشة أي تضارب مصالح قد حدث خلال الفترة إن وجد.
 - ١٢. مناقشة الغرامات ان وجدت
 - ١٢. مناقشة مدى موافقة الاستثمارات للشريعة.
 - ١٤. مناقشة مدى موافقة الصندوق للضوابط الشرعية واجراءات تطهير الدخل.
 - 10. مناقشة مدى ملائمة عدد الصناديق المشرف عليها من قبل مجلس الإدارة

وهذا بعد مناقشة ومراجعة كافة الموضوعات المطروحة على المجلس أعلاه فقد قرر مجلس إدارة الصندوق الآتي:

- الموافقة على تحديث النظام الأساسي لتكوين مجلس إدارة الصندوق.
- الموافقة على تحديث السياسات المتعلقة بالمشاركة في الاكتتابات الاولية.
 - ✓ الموافقة على تحديث السياسات المتعلقة بحقوق التصويت.
- ✓ الموافقة على تحديث قائمة الأشخاص المفوضين بالتعامل على حسابات صناديق الاستثمار المتوافقة مع الضوابط الشرعية
 - اعتماد محضر الاجتماع السابق لمجلس الإدارة.

ج- مدير الصندوق	
شركة العربي الوطني للاستثمار (العربي للاستثمار)	
مبنى العربيُّ للاستثمّار - شارع المؤيد الّجديد	
حي المربع، خلف مبنى الإدارة العامة للبنك العربي الوطني	
صّ.ب. ۲۲۰۰۰ الرياض ۱۱۳۱۱	١- اسم وعنوان مدير الصندوق
المملكة العربية السعودية	·
الهاتف الموحد: ٨٠٠١٢٤٠٠۵۵	
الموقع الالكتروني: www.anbinvest.com.sa	
•	٢- اسم وعنوان مدير الصندوق
لا ينطبق	من الباطن

٣- مراجعة لأنشطة الاستثمار خلال الفترة	يهدف الصندوق إلى تحقيق عوائد استثمار للمشتركين تزيد عن المؤشر الإرشادي، وذلك من خلال الاستثمار في مجموعة متنوعة من الأدوات المالية المتحفظة، مثل معاملات المرابحة والاستثمار في الصناديق المماثلة والصكوك الصادرة من جهات ذات سمعة حسنة ومستقرة مالياً ومتوافقة مع أحكام الشريعة الإسلامية. قام مدير الصندوق بتوزيع استثماراته بين الأصول والفترات الزمنية المختلفة بناء على قراءته للتحركات المتوقعة لهامش الربح على صفقات المرابحة وغيرها من الأصول. كما اعتمد قرار المدير الاستثماري على هوامش الربح المتاحة في حينها حيث عمل على اختيار أفضلها. تحتوي محفظة الصندوق على مجموعة متنوعة من البنوك المحلية والخليجية والدولية المستقرة مالياً وتحظى بتصنيف ائتماني مرتفع وقد تم اختيار جميع الأطراف النظيرة بناءً على دراسة شاملة لكل طرف تتم سنوياً. يتميز الصندوق بتوفير سيولة عالية للمستثمرين حيث يتم دفع قيمة الوحدات المستردة للمشتركين خلال ثلاث أيام عمل بعد يوم التقويم، ولذلك اعتمد مدير الصندوق في استراتيجيته على توزيع تواريخ الاستثمارات إلى فترات زمنية مختلفة بحيث يضمن توفر السيولة الكافية أسبوعياً لتغطية طلبات الاسترداد. بالإضافة إلى توزيع تواريخ الاستثمارات التوفير السيولة فإن مدير الصندوق قام بالتوزيع حسب قراءته لتحرك سعر الفائدة بين البنوك السعودية (سايبور) وأعتمد على زيادة مدة استحقاق الاستثمارات عند وجود مؤشرات على انخفاض سعر الفائدة بين البنوك وعمل على تقليص مدة الاستحقاقات عند وجود مؤشرات على ارتفاع سعر الفائدة بين البنوك مستقبلاً.				
	خلال عام ۲۰۲۱ حقق اا	صندوق العوائد السنو	:		
٤- تقرير عن أداء صندوق	٠,٦٣% للربع الأول	٠,٦٠% للربع الثاني	٠,٦٤% للربع الثالث	٧٣,٧٣ للربع الرابع	۰٫٦٥% لسنة ۲۰۲۱
الاستثمار خلال الفترة	متفوقاً على المؤشر الإرش	دي للصندوق والذي	وائده كالتالي:		
	٥٤,٠% للربع الاول	٠,٤٤% للربع الثاني	٤٤,٠% للربع الثالث	٤٧,٠% للربع الرابع	۰٫٤٥% لسنة ۲۰۲۱
	تاريخ التغيير	تفاصيل التغيير			
٥- تفاصيل التغييرات على شروط	۱۲ ابریل ۲۰۲۱	 قرار الحكومة ا إعادة صياغة لب استقالة العضو ا تعديل نسبة الاس 	العربي السعودي إلى البنك المرة برفع نسبة ضريبة القيمة المضا قرات الفرعية لتوضيح المعنى وبير مارون عيد) عضو مجلس ي الصناديق الأخرى المماثلة لتتو جاوز نسبة الـ ١٠%	فة إلى ١٥% حيث يمكن تعدم إدارة شركة العربي الوطني ا	لاستثمار
وأحكام الصندوق	۲۷ ابریل ۲۰۲۱	• تعيين العضو ال	د بن ناصر المعجل بديلا للعضو لضوابط الشرعية	السيد/ فهد بن عبد العزيز الم	حيميد في مجلس إدارة
	۲۰ یونیو ۲۰۲۱	تعديل ارقام الموانتقال السيد/ بستعديل المسمى ا	توافق مع لائحة الصناديق الاستثا المبارك الى البنك العربي الوطنا للسيد/ وليد بن ناصر المعجل الو	ي بمسمى وظيفي" رئيس الاه رئيس المصرفية الإسلامية	لتثمارات الاستراتيجية"
	٥ سبتمبر ٢٠٢١	 استقالة السيد/ ف توضيح عنوان 	بد العزيز القاضي من رئاسة قط فظ	اع خدمات التجزئة المصرفية	في البنك العربي الوطني
 ٦- أي معلومة اخرى من شأنها أن تمكن مالكي الوحدات من اتخاذ قرار 	لا يوجد أي معلومات اخر				
٧ -(أ)- نسبة رسوم الإدارة			سبة الرسوم المحتسبة في الص		
المحتسبة على الصندوق	٠,٢٠% من صافي قيمة ال		نماء للسيولة بالريال السعودي جزيرة للمرابحة بالريال السعودي		ن صافى عوائد الصندوق ن صافى عوائد الصندوق
 ٨- بيان حول العمولات الخاصة التى حصل عليها مدير الصندوق خلال الفترة 	لم يتم تحصيل أي عمولات خاصة خلال الفترة				
٩- بيانات ومعلومات أخرى	لا توجد بيانات ومعلومات أخرى				
١٠ - مدة إدارة الشخص المسجل كمدير للصندوق	۹ سنوات				
۱۱- نُسبة مصروفات كل الصناديق المستَثمر فيها والمتوسط المرجح لنسبة المصروفات بنهاية العام(حيثما ينطبق)	- -				

د- امين الحفظ				
شركة البلاد المالية				
المملكة العربية السعودية				
البلاد المالية، المركز الرئيسي	١- اسم وعنوان أمين الحفظ			
طريق الملك فهد -العليا صّ.ب ١٤٠، الرياض ١١٤١	,			
فاكس ١١٢٠٣٩٨٩٩ ٠٠٩٦١١٢٠٣٩٨٩٩				

هاتف موحد: ٦٣٦	هاتف موحد: ٩٢٠٠٠٣٦٣٦
الموقع الالكترونيn	الموقع الالكترونيwww.albilad-capital.com :
البريد الالكتروني: n	البريد الالكتروني: custody@albilad-capital.com
٢- وصف موجز لواجباته	سيقوم أمين الحفظ بحفظ سجلات وحسابات الأصول والمطلوبات والمصروفات المتعلقة بالصندوق. سيتم حفظ أصول الصندوق في إدارة أو
ا كثر من إدارات الح	أكثر من إدارات الحفظ في مختلف أماكن المؤسسات المالية التي يختارها أمين الحفظ. وسيتم فصل أصول الصندوق فصلاً واضحاً عن أصول
ومسوونياته المدير وعن أصول	المدير وعن أصول صناديق الاستثمار الأخرى وعن أصول أي جهة أخرى ذات علاقة.

ه - مشغّل الصندوق	
شركة العربي الوطني للاستثمار (العربي للاستثمار)	١- اسم وعنوان مشغّل الصندوق
مبنى العربيَّ للاستثمّار – شارع المؤيد ٱلجديد	
حي المربع، خلف مبنى الإدارة العامة للبنك العربي الوطني	
ص.ب. ۲۲۰۰۰۹، الرياض ١١٣١١	
المملكة العربية السعودية	
الهاتف الموحد: ٨٠٠١٢۴٠٠۵٥	
الموقع الالكتروني: www.anbinvest.com.sa	
تقييم أصول الصندوق وفقاً لما هو موضح في شروط وأحكام الصندوق والاحتفاظ بالدفاتر والسجلات وإعداد سجل مالكي الوحدات وحفظه في	٢- وصف موجز لواجباته
المملكة كما هو منصوص عليه في لائحة صناًديق الاستثمار. كما يحق لمشغل الصندوق تعيين مشغل صنّدوق من الباطن ً	ومسؤولياته

و - مراجع الحسابات	
إرنست أند يونغ	
طريق الملك فهد	
	١- اسم وعنوان مراجع الحد
الرياض ١١٤٦١، المملكة العربية السعودية	
ت: ۲۷۳٤۷٤ (۱۱) ۲۶۳٤	

ز- القوائم المالية

القوائم المالية لصندوق المبارك للمتاجرة بالريال السعودي في نهاية فترة عام ٢٠٢١، أعدت وفقاً للمعايير المحاسبية المعتمدة من الهيئة السعودية للمحاسبين القانونيين في المملكة العربية السعودية

(Managed by Arab National Investment Company)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021



Ernst & Young Professional Services (Professional LLC)
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AL-MUBARAK SAR TRADE FUND (MANAGED BY ARAB NATIONAL INVESTMENT COMPANY)

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Al-Mubarak SAR Trade Fund (the "Fund") managed by Arab National Investment Company (the "Fund Manager"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity attributable to the unitholders and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements that are endorsed by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the professional code of conduct and ethics endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements that are endorsed by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants and the applicable provisions of the Investment Funds Regulations issued by the Board of the Capital Market Authority, and the Fund's terms and conditions and the Information Memorandum, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AL-MUBARAK SAR TRADE FUND (MANAGED BY ARAB NATIONAL INVESTMENT COMPANY) (CONTINUED)

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AL-MUBARAK SAR TRADE FUND (MANAGED BY ARAB NATIONAL INVESTMENT COMPANY) (CONTINUED)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty
 exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability
 to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are
 required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the
 financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our
 conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's
 report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue
 as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

for Ernst & Young Professional Services

Rashid S. Roshod
Certified Public Accountant
License No. 366

Riyadh: 27 Sha'ban 1443H (30 March 2022) المار المارة ال

Al-Mubarak SAR Trade Fund (Managed by Arab National Investment Company)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2021

	Notes	2021 SR	2020 SR
ASSETS			
Investments in sukuk at amortised cost	8	41,000,000	5,000,000
Murabaha placements at amortised cost	9	2,265,000,000	2,276,000,000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	10	192,624,427	200,215,195
Accrued special commission income	_	6,926,161	6,003,318
Bank balance	7	34,915,257	52,132,922
TOTAL ASSETS		2,540,465,845	2,539,351,435
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY LIABILITIES			
Management fees payable and accrued expenses		1,583,211	1,606,154
Redemptions payable		89,418,041	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		91,001,252	1,606,154
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS			
(TOTAL EQUITY)	4	2,449,464,593	2,537,745,281
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		2,540,465,845	2,539,351,435
Redeemable units in issue		112,031,062	116,822,923
Net asset value attributable to each per unit		21.86	21.72

Al-Mubarak SAR Trade Fund (Managed by Arab National Investment Company)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 SR	2020 SR
INCOME			
Special commission income		20,712,133	46,223,196
Net movement in unrealised gain on financial assets at FVTPL		782,633	215,195
Realised gain on disposal of financial asset at FVTPL		1,626,599	-
TOTAL INCOME		23,121,365	46,438,391
EXPENSES			
Management fees	11	(5,187,427)	(6,029,504)
Other fees	11	(1,074,033)	(861,312)
TOTAL EXPENSES		(6,261,460)	(6,890,816)
NET INCOME FOR THE YEAR		16,859,905	39,547,575
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		<u> </u>	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		16,859,905	39,547,575

(Managed by Arab National Investment Company)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	2021 SR	2020 SR
Equity attributable to the unitholders at beginning of the year	2,537,745,281	2,254,772,517
Net income and total comprehensive income for the year	16,859,905	39,547,575
Issuance and redemptions of units: Issuance of units during the year Redemptions of units during the year	1,980,493,728 (2,085,634,321)	2,836,410,705 (2,592,985,516)
Net changes from units transactions	(105,140,593)	243,425,189
Equity attributable to the unitholders at end of the year	2,449,464,593	2,537,745,281

REDEEMABLE UNIT TRANSACTIONS

Transactions in redeemable units made for the year ended are summarised as follows:

	2021 Units	2020 Units
Units at beginning of the year	116,822,923	105,169,155
Issuance of units during the year Redemptions of units during the year	90,862,668 (95,654,529)	131,594,923 (119,941,155)
Net changes in units	(4,791,861)	11,653,768
Units at end of the year	112,031,062	116,822,923

(Managed by Arab National Investment Company)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2021

No	2021 te SR	2020 SR
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net income for the year	16,859,905	39,547,575
Adjustments:	(592 (22)	(215 105)
Net movement in unrealised gain on financial assets at FVTPL Special commission income	(782,633) (20,712,133)	(215,195) (46,223,196)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	(4,634,861)	(6,890,816)
Investments in sukuk at amortised cost	(36,000,000)	115,000,000
Murabaha placements at amortised cost	26,000,000	(334,000,000)
Financial assets at (FVTPL) Management fee payable and accrued expenses	8,373,401 (22,943)	(200,000,000) 318,623
Management rec payable and accrued expenses	(22,943)	310,023
Net cash generated from (used in operating activities	(6,284,403)	(425,572,193)
Special commission income	19,789,290	54,007,537
Net cash used in operating activities	13,504,887	(371,564,656)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Issuance of units during the year	1,980,493,728	2,836,410,705
Redemptions of units during the year	(1,996,216,280)	(2,592,985,516)
Net cash from financing activities	(15,722,552)	243,425,189
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(2,217,665)	(128,139,467)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year	92,132,922	220,272,389
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR 7	89,915,257	92,132,922

(Managed by Arab National Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At 31 December 2021

1. GENERAL

Al-Mubarak SAR Trade Fund (the "Fund") is an open-ended fund. The investment objective of the Fund is to provide capital preservation and short-term capital growth, through investing in Shariah-compliant conservative investments. The Fund was established on 8 Rajab 1413H (corresponding to 1 January 1993) by Arab National Bank (the "Bank").

In accordance with the Capital Market Authority's (CMA) decision No.1-83-2005 dated 21 Jumada Awal 1426H (corresponding to 28 June 2005) issued by the CMA Board in connection with the regulations relating to Authorised Persons, the Bank has transferred its asset management operations to the Arab National Investment Company (the "Fund Manager"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Bank, effective 1 January 2008. The address of the registered office of the Fund Manager is Arab National Investment Company, P.O. Box 220009, Riyadh 11311, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

The Fund has appointed AlBilad Investment Company (the "Custodian") to act as its custodian and registrar. The fees of the custodian and registrar's services are paid by the Fund.

The Fund Manager is responsible for the overall management of the Fund's activities. The Fund Manager can also enter into arrangements with other institutions for the provision of investment, custody or other administrative services on behalf of the Fund.

2. REGULATING AUTHORITY

The Fund is governed by the Investment Fund Regulations (the "Regulations") issued by the CMA on 3 Dhul Hijja 1427H (corresponding to 24 December 2006), and effective from 6 Safar 1438H (corresponding 6 November 2016) by the New Investment Fund Regulations ("Amended Regulations") published by the Capital Market Authority on 16 Sha'aban 1437H (corresponding to 23 May 2016), detailing requirements for all funds within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The regulations were further amended by Resolution of the Board of CMA number 2-22-2021 dated 1 Rajab 1442H (corresponding to 24 February 2021). The amended regulations were effective form 19 Ramadan 1442H (corresponding to 1 May 2021).

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES TO ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA") (collectively referred to as "IFRS as endorsed in the KSA") and applicable provisions of Investment Funds Regulations issued by the Board of Capital Market Authority, Fund's terms and conditions and Investment memorandum.

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investments at fair value through profit or loss which are stated at their fair value and also using the accruals basis of accounting and the going concern concept.

These financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyals ("SR"), which is the functional currency of the Fund, and all values are rounded to the nearest one SR, except where otherwise indicated.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following are the significant accounting policies applied by the Fund in preparing its financial statements:

(Managed by Arab National Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2021

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.1 Financial instruments

The Fund recognises a financial asset or a financial liability when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

(i) Classification

In accordance with IFRS 9, the Fund classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities at initial recognition into the categories of financial assets and financial liabilities discussed below.

In applying that classification, a financial asset or financial liability is considered to be held for trading if:

- It is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
- On initial recognition, it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which, there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- It is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

Financial assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss on the basis of both:

- The entity's business model for managing the financial assets
- > The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset
- Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Fund financial assets includes Murabaha placements at amortised cost and investments in sukuk at amortised cost which are acquired principally for the purpose of collecting principal and special commission income.

• Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- i. Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (SPPI); and
- ii. It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell; or
- iii. At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at FVTPL when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

The Fund investments includes investments in mutual funds which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price.

Financial liabilities

- Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

 A financial liability is measured at FVTPL if it meets the definition of held for trading. The Fund does not hold any financial liabilities measured at FVTPL.
- Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost
 This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss..

(Managed by Arab National Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2021

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.1 Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Recognition

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset.

(iii) Initial measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are recorded in the statement of financial position at fair value. All transaction costs for such instruments are recognised directly in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial assets and liabilities (other than those classified as at FVTPL) are measured initially at their fair value including any directly attributable transaction costs.

(iv) Subsequent measurement

After initial measurement, the Fund measures financial instruments which are classified as at FVTPL, at fair value. Subsequent changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in net gain or loss on financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL in the statement of comprehensive income. Interest and dividends earned or paid on these instruments are recorded separately in interest income or expense and dividend income or expense in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective commission rate (ECR) method.

(v) Derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Fund's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Fund continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Fund's continuing involvement. In that case, the Fund also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Fund has retained.

Financial liabilities

The Fund derecognises a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

(vi) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is generally not the case with master netting agreements unless one party to the agreement defaults and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statement of financial position.

(Managed by Arab National Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2021

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.1 Financial instruments (continued)

(vii) Impairment of financial assets

The Fund assesses on a forward looking basis the Expected Credit Losses("ECL") associated with its financial assets, carried at amortised cost, the ECL is based on a 12-month ECL and lifetime ECL. The 12-month ECL is the portion of lifetime the ECLs that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL.

4.2 Trade date accounting

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised / derecognised on the trade date (i.e. the date that the Fund commits to purchase or sell the assets). Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require settlement of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

4.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash on hand and short-term deposits in banks that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, with original maturities of three months or less.

Short-term investments that are not held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments and restricted margin accounts are not considered as 'cash and cash equivalents.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consists of bank balance and Murabaha placements as described above.

4.4 Accrued expenses

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for services received, whether billed by the suppliers or not. These are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

4.5 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has an obligation (legal or constructive) arising from a past event, and the costs to settle the obligation are both probable and can be measured reliably. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pretax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risk specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as finance costs.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured.

4.6 Zakat and income tax

Under the current system of taxation in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia the Fund is not liable to pay any Zakat or income tax as they are considered to be the obligation of the Unitholders and as such, these are not provided in the financial statements.

4.7 Redeemable Units

Redeemable units are classified as equity instruments when:

- The redeemable units entitle the holder to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation
- The redeemable units are in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments
- All redeemable units in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features
- The redeemable units do not include any contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the holder's rights to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets

(Managed by Arab National Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2021

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.7 Redeemable Units (Continued)

The total expected cash flows attributable to the redeemable units over the life of the instrument are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Fund over the life of the instrument.

In addition to the redeemable shares having all of the above features, the Fund must have no other financial instrument or contract that has:

- Total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Fund
- The effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the redeemable shareholders

The Fund continuously assesses the classification of the redeemable shares. If the redeemable shares cease to have all the features, or meet all the conditions set out, to be classified as equity, the Fund will reclassify them as financial liabilities and measure them at fair value at the date of reclassification, with any differences from the previous carrying amount recognised in equity. If the redeemable shares subsequently have all the features and meet the conditions to be classified as equity, the Fund will reclassify them as equity instruments and measure them at the carrying amount of the liabilities at the date of the reclassification.

The issuance, acquisition and cancellation of redeemable shares are accounted for as equity transactions.

No gain or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on the purchase, issuance or cancellation of the Fund's own equity instruments.

The capital of the Fund is SR 1,120,310,620 (2020: SR 1,168,229,230) divided into 112,031,062 (2020: 116,822,923) participating units of SR 10 par value. All issued participating units are fully paid. The Fund's capital is represented by these participating units and are classified as equity instruments. The units are entitled to payment of a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value upon winding up of the Fund.

4.8 Net assets value per unit

Net assets value per unit as disclosed in the statement of financial position is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units outstanding at year end.

4.9 Special commission income

Special commission income including special commission income from financial assets measured at FVTPL, are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, using Effective Commission Rate(ECR) method. The ECR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of financial instrument (or, when appropriate, a shorter period) to the carrying amount of the financial instrument on initial recognition. When calculating the ECR, the Fund estimates future cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument, but not future credit losses.

4.10 Net gain or loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

Net gains or losses on financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL are changes in the fair value of financial assets and liabilities held for trading or designated upon initial recognition as at FVTPL and exclude special commission and dividend income and expenses.

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the year and from reversal of the prior year's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments, which were realised in the reporting period. Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified as at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average cost method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount, or cash payments or receipts made on derivative contracts (excluding payments or receipts on collateral margin accounts for such instruments).

4.11 Management fees

Fund management fees are recognised on accrual basis and charged to the statement of comprehensive income. Fund management fee is charged at agreed rates with the Fund Manager and as stated in the terms and conditions of the Fund.

(Managed by Arab National Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2021

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.12 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The Fund uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy. This is described, as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each year. The Fund determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, and for non-recurring measurement.

At each reporting date, the Fund analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be re-measured or re-assessed as per the Fund's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Fund verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents. The Fund also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Fund has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy, as explained above.

4.13 Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into SR at the exchange rate at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from translations are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into SR at the exchange rate at the reporting date.

Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as net foreign exchange losses, except for those arising on financial instruments at FVTPL, which are recognised as a component of net gain from financial instruments at FVTPL.

Al-Mubarak SAR Trade Fund (Managed by Arab National Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2021

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS as endorsed in the KSA requires the use of certain critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Funds' accounting policies. Such judgements, estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including obtaining professional advices and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively. Significant areas where management has used estimates, assumptions or exercised judgement are as follows:

Going concern

The Board of Directors in conjunction with the Fund Manager made an assessment of the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Fund has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, they are not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis

Allowance for expected credit losses

The Fund recognises allowance for expected credit loss (ECL) on its Murabaha placements and Sukuk instruments. The Fund measures loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECL, except for the following, for which they are measured at 12-month ECL:

- Financial assets that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- Financial assets on which credit risk has not increased significantly since their initial recognition

The Fund considers a debt security to have low credit risk when their credit risk rating is equivalent to the globally understood definition of 'investment grade' or certain unrated investment with no default in past. 12-month ECL is the portion of ECL that results from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date.

Fair value Measurement

The Fund measures its investments in financial instruments, such as equity instruments at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Fund. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The fair value for financial instruments traded in active markets at the reporting date is based on their quoted price (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2021

6. NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS ADOPTED BY THE FUND

Amendments to IFRS 7, IFRS 9 and IAS 39 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

The amendments provide temporary reliefs which address the financial reporting effects when an interbank offered rate (IBOR) is replaced with an alternative nearly risk-free interest rate (RFR). The amendments include the following practical expedients:

- A practical expedient to require contractual changes, or changes to cash flows that are directly required by the reform, to be treated as changes to a floating interest rate, equivalent to a movement in a market rate of interest
- Permit changes required by IBOR reform to be made to hedge designations and hedge documentation without the hedging relationship being discontinued
- Provide temporary relief to entities from having to meet the separately identifiable requirement when an RFR
 instrument is designated as a hedge of a risk component.

These amendments had no impact on the financial statements of the Fund. The Fund intends to use the practical expedients in future periods if they become applicable.

Amendments to IFRS 16 Covid-19 Related Rent Concessions

On 28 May 2020, the IASB issued Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions - amendment to IFRS 16 Leases. However, these amendments had no impact on the financial statements of the Fund.

Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted

The new and amended standards and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements are disclosed below. The Fund intends to adopt these new and amended standards and interpretations, if applicable, when they become effective.

Based on the Fund's assessment, the below standards are not expected to have potential impacts on the reported numbers and disclosures.

Standards	Description	Mandatory effective date
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
IFRS 1	First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards: Subsidiary as a first-time adopter	1 January 2022
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments: Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities	1 January 2022
Amendments to IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non- current	1 January 2023
Amendments to IAS 37	Onerous Contracts: Costs of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022

7. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2021 SR	2020 SR
Bank balance Murabaha placements with an original maturity of three months or less (note 9)	34,915,257 55,000,000	52,132,922 40,000,000
Total cash and cash equivalents	89,915,257	92,132,922

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2021

8. INVESTMENTS IN SUKUKS AT AMORTISED COST

Name of sukuk	Commission rate	Maturity date	2021 SR	2021 SR
Bank AlJazira - Tier II Sukuk	6 month SIBOR plus 1.55%	8 December 2031	20,000,000	-
The Saudi British Bank – Tier II Sukuk	6 month SIBOR plus 1.95%	22 July 2030	5,000,000	5,000,000
Riyad Bank - Tier II Sukuk Series I	6 month SIBOR plus 1.5%	9 February 2031	10,000,000	-
Bank AlBilad Tier II Sukuk	3 month SIBOR plus 1.65%	15 April 2031	6,000,000	-
			41,000,000	5,000,000

Investments in sukuks at amortised cost are subject to allowance for expected credit losses (ECL) as per IFRS 9. The management has assessed that allowance for ECL is not significant as of 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020.

9. MURABAHA PLACEMENTS AT AMORTISED COST

	2021 SR	2020 SR
Murabaha placements with an original maturity more than three months Murabaha placements with an original maturity of three months or less (note 7)	2,210,000,000 55,000,000	2,236,000,000 40,000,000
	2,265,000,000	2,276,000,000

Murabaha placements are Islamic mode of money market placements with financial institutions in the Kingdom Saudi Arabia and the rest of the Middle East. Murabaha placements earn commission at an average rate of 0.46% (2020: 0.41%) per annum and have average original maturity period 173 days (2020: 172 days) as of 31 December 2021.

Murabaha placements carried at amortised cost are subject to allowance for expected credit losses (ECL) as per IFRS 9. The management has assessed that allowance for ECL is not significant as of 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020.

10. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (FVTPL)

The composition of the financial assets at fair value through profit and loss is summarised below:

	31 December 2021			
<u>Mutual funds</u>	% of market value	Cost SR	Market value SR	Unrealised gain SR
AlJazira Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund Alinma SAR Liquidity Fund	79% 21%	40,051,963 151,574,636	40,101,341 152,523,086	49,378 948,450
	100%	191,626,599	192,624,427	997,828
		31 Decembe	er 2020	
<u>Mutual fund</u>	% of market value	Cost SR	Market value SR	Unrealised gain SR
Alinma SAR Liquidity Fund	100%	200,000,000	200,215,195	215,195

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2021

11. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

As per the agreement, the Fund is required to pay a management fee at the maximum rate of 0.2% per annum calculated based on the total net asset value at each valuation date. In addition, the Fund manager also charges other fees at a maximum rate of 0.50% per annum calculated based on the total net asset value at each valuation date to meet other expenses of the Fund.

The management fees amounting to SR 5,187,427 (2020: SR 6,029,504) and other fees amounting to SR 1,074,033 (2020: SR 861,312), reflected in the statement of comprehensive income, represent the fees charged by the Fund Manager during the year as described above.

The accrued management and other fees payable to the Fund Manager at the year-end are disclosed in the statement of financial position.

The Bank (parent of the Fund Manager) acts as the Fund's banker. As at 31 December, Murabaha placements aggregating to SR 302,000,000 (2020: SR 382,000,000) were placed with the Bank. During the year, the Fund has earned special commission amounting to SR 1,932,165 (2020: SR 11,531,700) on the Murabaha placements made with the Bank.

The unitholders' account included units held at year-end by:

	2021 Units	2020 Units
Fund Manager Funds under the Fund Manager Employees of the Bank	2,960,158 14,512,651 443,489	8,008,765 7,986,683 64,667
	17,916,298	16,060,115

12. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value of investments in Sukuk and Murabaha placements are evaluated by the Fund based on parameters such as commission rates, specific country risk factors, and individual creditworthiness of the counterparties. Management believes that the fair value of all other financial assets and liabilities are classified as amortised cost and at the reporting date approximate their carrying values owing to their short-term tenure and the fact that these are readily liquid.

Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Fund's financial assets as at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020. There are no other financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value.

		Fair value measurement using		
		Quoted prices in active markets o	Significant bservable inputs	Significant unobservable inputs
	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
As at 31 December 2021	SR	SR	SR	SR
Financial assets measured at fair value				
Financial assets at FVTPL	192,624,427	=	192,624,427	-
As at 31 December 2020				
Financial assets measured at fair value				
Financial assets at FVTPL	200,215,195	-	200,215,195	-
				

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements during the year, and no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value measurements during the year.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2021

13. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Set out below is an overview of the financial assets, other than the bank balances, held by the Fund as at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020.

	2021 SR	2020 SR
Financial assets at amortised cost	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2 25 (000 000
Murabaha placements at amortised cost	2,265,000,000	2,276,000,000
Investments in sukuk at amortised cost Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	41,000,000	5,000,000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	192,624,427	200,215,195
	2,498,624,427	2,481,215,195

Set out below is an overview of the financial liabilities held by the Fund as at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020.

	2021	2020
	SR	SR
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Redemptions payable	89,418,041	-
Management fees payable	1,313,514	1,368,069
	90,731,555	1,368,069
	 :	

14. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund's principal financial liabilities are management fees payable and redemptions payable. The Fund also has financial assets in the form of cash and cash equivalents and Murabaha placements at amortised cost, investments in sukuk at amortised cost and financial assets at FVTP and which are integral and directly derived out of its regular business.

The Fund's financial operations are exposed to following risks.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a party to a financial instrument will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Fund. The Fund has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties, for whom the credit risk is assessed to be low.

The Fund attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific non-related counterparties, and continually assessing the creditworthiness of such non-related counterparties. The Fund maintains bank accounts and Murabaha placements with high credit rated financial institutions.

(Managed by Arab National Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2021

14. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

The table below shows the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk for components of the statement of financial position.

	2021 SR	2020 SR
Investments in sukuk at amortised cost Murabaha placements at amortised cost Bank balance	41,000,000 2,265,000,000 34,915,257	5,000,000 2,276,000,000 52,132,922
	2,340,915,257	2,333,132,922

The management has conducted an ECL assessment as required under IFRS 9 and based on that assessment, the management believes that no allowance for expected credit losses is required to be recognised against the carrying value of the financial assets as of 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in releasing funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at an amount close to its fair value.

The Fund's terms and conditions provide for redemptions of units twice a week and it is, therefore, exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting Unit holders' redemptions. The Fund's cash and cash equivalent are considered to be readily realisable and adequate to cover short term redemption requirements. The Fund Manager monitors liquidity requirements on a regular basis and seeks to ensure that sufficient funds are available including bank facilities to meet commitments as they arise.

The undiscounted value of all financial liabilities of the Fund at the reporting date approximate to their carrying values and all are to be settled within one year from the reporting date.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments equals their fair value. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control the market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimising the return. The Funds is exposed to special commission rate risk and equity price risk.

Special commission rate risk

Special commission rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the market rates. The Fund is exposed to commission rate risk on its variable commission bearing investments in sukuk.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity, to a reasonably possible change in interest rates with all other variables held constant, on the Fund's profit is as follows:

	2021		2020	
Increase (decrease) in basis points	+50	-50	+50	-50
Increase (decrease) increase in profit [in SR]	205,000	(205,000)	25,000	(25,000)

(Managed by Arab National Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2021

14. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Market risk (continued)

Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk of unfavourable changes in the fair values of equity instruments as a result of changes in the value of individual shares. The equity price risk exposure arises from the Fund's investments in equity securities. The Fund's investments are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future prices. The Board manages this risk through diversification of its investment portfolio in terms of industry concentration.

Sensitivity analysis

The table below sets out the effect on profit or loss of a reasonably possible weakening /strengthening in the individual equity market prices by 5% at the reporting date. The estimates are made on an individual investment basis. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular commission and foreign currency rates, remain constant.

Effect on profit and loss		2021		2020	
		SR		SR	
Net movement in gain (loss) on financial assets at	+ 5%	9,631,221	+ 5%	10,010,760	
FVTPL	- 5%	(9,631,221)	- 5%	(10,010,760)	

15. MATURITY ANALYSIS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled respectively:

As at 31 December 2021	Within 12 months SR	More than one year SR	Total SR
ASSETS		44 000 000	44 000 000
Investments in Sukuk at amortised cost	-	41,000,000	41,000,000
Murabaha placements at amortised cost	2,265,000,000	-	2,265,000,000
Financial assets at FVTPL	192,624,427	-	192,624,427
Accrued special commission income	6,926,161	-	6,926,161
Bank balance	34,915,257	-	34,915,257
TOTAL ASSETS	2,499,465,845	41,000,000	2,540,465,845
LIABILITIES			
Redemption payable	89,418,041	-	89,418,041
Management fees payable and accrued expenses	1,583,211	-	1,583,211
TOTAL LIABILITIES	91,001,252	-	91,001,252

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2021

15. MATURITY ANALYSIS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued)

	Within 12 months	More than one year	Total
As at 31 December 2020	SR	SR	SR
ASSETS			
Investment in a sukuk at amortised cost	-	5,000,000	5,000,000
Murabaha placements at amortised cost	2,276,000,000	-	2,276,000,000
Financial assets at FVTPL	200,215,195	-	200,215,195
Accrued special commission income	6,003,318	-	6,003,318
Bank balance	52,132,922	-	52,132,922
TOTAL ASSETS	2,534,351,435	5,000,000	2,539,351,435
LIABILITIES			
Management fees payable and accrued expenses	1,606,154	-	1,606,154
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,606,154	-	1,606,154

16. LAST VALUATION DAY

The last valuation day of the year was 30 December 2021 (2020: 31 December 2020).

17. IMPACT OF COVID-19

During March 2020, the World Health Organisation ("WHO") declared the Coronavirus ("COVID-19") outbreak as a pandemic in recognition of its rapid spread across the globe. This outbreak has also affected the GCC region including the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Governments all over the world took steps to contain the spread of the virus.

As of the date of financial statements for the year period ended 31 December 2021, the Fund's operations and financial results have witnessed impact due to the COVID-19 outbreak mainly as result of decline in the Fund's investments' fair values in line with unit price declining trend. The impact of the pandemic on the Fund's operations and financial results till the date of the financial statements has been reflected in the net assets value and investments value. These developments could further impact our future financial results, cash flows and financial condition and the Fund Manager will continue to assess the nature and extent of the impact on its business and financial results.

18. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the Fund's Board of Directors on 27 Sha'ban 1443 (corresponding to 30 March 2022.